

# PERMODALAN BSN BERHAD

A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of BSN

# **BSN DANA DIVIDEN** AL-IFRAH

# SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

For the Six Months Financial Period Ended 30 June 2024

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# MANAGER'S REPORT

Dear Unit Holders,

Permodalan BSN Berhad act as a Manager and AmanahRaya Trustees Berhad act as a Trustee for BSN Dana Dividen Al-Ifrah, are pleased to present the Semi-Annual Report of BSN Dana Dividen Al-Ifrah for the financial period ended 30 June 2024.

# 1. FUND INFORMATION

BSN Dana Dividen Al-Ifrah ("the Fund")							
Fund Type	Income Fund						
Fund Category	Equity Fund (Islamic)						
Investment Objective	The fund seeks to provide consistent income* by investing in Shariah- compliant equities with attractive dividend" yield and/or potential dividend yield.						
	*Note: Distribution of inco additional Units.	me will be done by way	of reinvestment into				
	**Note: "Attractive dividend" refers to stocks of companies which have provided an average gross dividend of at least 3% for the past 3 years from the latest financial year.						
	Note: Any material changes to the investment objectives of the Fund would require the unitholders approval.						
Performance Benchmark	FTSE Bursa Malaysia EMAS Shariah Index (FBMSHA)						
Distribution Policy	Subject to the Manager's discretion and the availability of the Fund's realised income, distribution of income (if any) shall be made once in a financial year.						
Unit Holdings	On 30 June 2024, a total of 18 people have invested in BSN Dana Dividen Al-Ifrah. Breakdown of unit holdings are as follows:						
	Size of Holdings No. of Unitholders No. Of Units Held						
1	5,000 and below 9 18,626						
	5,001 – 10,000 3 17,926						
1	10,001 – 50,000 4 91,358						
	50,001 – 500,000 1 164,15						
1	500,001 and above 1 264,682,017						

# 2. FUND PERFORMANCE

# 2.1 Achievement of BSN Dana Dividen Al-Ifrah

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024, BSN Dana Dividen Al-Ifrah ("the Fund") registered a return of 9.63% as compared to its Benchmark return of 14.23%, thus underperformed the Benchmark's return by 4.60 percentage points.

For the six-month period, the Fund declared an interim dividend distribution of 0.75 sen per unit. The Fund met its investment objectives of providing investors with capital appreciation and income opportunities during the period under review.

# 2.2 Asset Allocations

Asset allocations for BSN Dana Dividen Al-Ifrah are as follows:

Commence of Acces Devilor	%			
Components of Asset Portfolio	30.06.2024	31.12.2023	31.12.2022	
Quoted Shariah-compliant equity				
investments	73.41	70.21	75.55	
Quoted Islamic collective investment				
schemes:				
Islamic Real Estate Investment Trusts				
("REITs")	4.04	3.74	5.70	
Cash and other net assets	22.55	26.05	18.75	
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	

# 2.3 Asset Allocation by Sector

Sector	RM				
Sector	30.06.2024	31.12.2023	31.12.2022		
Construction	1,173,876	1,308,260	1,855,027		
Consumer Products & Services	5,000,029	4,200,659	3,253,782		
Energy	3,578,652	2,583,782	2,837,212		
Financial Services	4,403,247	1,083,556	4,393,744		
Health Care	1,489,320	-	353,320		
Industrial Products & Services	2,648,803	3,645,834	3,259,658		
Plantation	3,064,932	4,822,143	619,650		
Property	2,110,729	3,333,158	2,026,763		
Collective Investment Schemes - REITS	1,978,664	1,670,636	2,562,442		
Technology	3,257,898	4,260,833	2,807,113		
Telecommunication & Media	3,107,722	1,890,045	3,698,430		
Transportation & Logistics	1,920,552	632,772	1,965,750		
Utilities	4,208,988	3,616,162	6,879,949		
Cash	11,990,795	10,676,364	6,495,725		

# 2.4 3-Year Financial Information

Particulars	30.06.2024	31.12.2023	31.12.2022
Net Asset Value (RM)	48,988,005	44,697,654	44,938,936
Net Asset Value per Unit (RM)	0.1849	0.1756	0.1765
Unit In Circulation	264,974,085	254,514,581	254,596,000
Selling Price per Unit (RM)	0.1849	0.1756	0.1765
Buying Price per Unit (RM)	0.1849	0.1756	0.1765
Selling Price per Unit (High) (RM)	0.1902	0.1817	0.1835
Buying Price per Unit (High) (RM)	0.1902	0.1817	0.1835
Selling Price per Unit (Low) (RM)	0.1752	0.1699	0.1694
Buying Price per Unit (Low) (RM)	0.1752	0.1699	0.1694
Total Fund Return (%)	9.63	(0.51)	(1.78)
Capital Growth (%)	5.36	(0.51)	(1.78)
Income Return (%)	4.27		
Performance Fee (RM)	-		-
Gross Distribution per Unit (Sen)	0.75		•
Net Distribution per Unit (Sen)	0.75		
Date of payment	06/05/2024		-
Total Expenses Ratio (%):	1.35	2.22	2.20
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (times) :	0.75	1.66	0.54

# 2.4.1 Total Expenses Ratio

The Total Expenses Ratio for the financial period is lower than previous financial year mainly due to lower expenses incurred during the financial period. No performance fees incurred and included in total expenses ratio during the financial period under review.

# 2.4.2 Portfolio Turnover Ratio

The Portfolio Turnover Ratio for the financial period is lower than previous financial year mainly due to decrease in trading activities during the financial period under review.

# 2.4.3 Distribution of Income

There was no distribution was make out of the fund's capital, no breakdown of distribution sourced from income and capital, neither in value nor percentage of total distribution amount during the financial period under review.

# BASES OF CALCULATION

# i. Portfolio Composition

Portfolio composition is calculated according to the market price on 30 June 2024.

# ii. Net Asset Value (NAV)

NAV is the value of all the assets of the Fund less the value of all the liabilities at the valuation point divided by the number of units in circulation.

# iii. Selling Price per Unit

The price payable by the applicant for a Unit pursuant to a successful application. The Selling price per Unit is the NAV per Unit as at the valuation point and does not include any sales charge which may be imposed.

# iv. Buying Price per Unit

The price payable to a unit holder pursuant to a successful application. Buying price per Unit is the NAV per Unit as at the valuation point and does not include any redemption charge which may be imposed.

# v. Capital Growth

Capital growth is the difference of the purchase price from year to year.

# vi. Distribution of Income

The distribution of income is calculated on the gross dividend divided by the selling price per unit on the first day of the financial year.

Gross Dividend	χ	100
Sale Price on The First Day of the same year		

# vii. Total Expenses Ratio

This ratio is calculated based on the ratio of the sum of fees and the recovered expenses of the unit trust fund to the average value of the unit trust fund calculated on a daily basis.

Fees of the unit trust fund + Recovered expenses of the unit trust fund X 100

Average value of the unit trust fund

calculated on a daily basis

# viii. Portfolio Turnover Ratio

The calculation is as follows:

(Total acquisitions of the fund for the year + Total disposals of the fund for the year) / 2

Average value of the unit trust fund for the year calculated on a daily basis

Note: Past performance of the Fund is not an indication of its future performance.

Unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

# 3. MANAGER'S REPORT

# 3.1 Fund and Benchmark Performance

Over the 5-year period, the Fund recorded a return of 4.77%, outperforming the benchmark return of 3.46% by 1.31 percentage points.

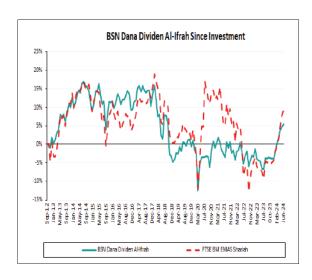
For the six-month period under review, the Fund registered a return of 9.63% as compared to its Benchmark return of 14.23%, thus underperformed the Benchmark's return by 4.60 percentage points.

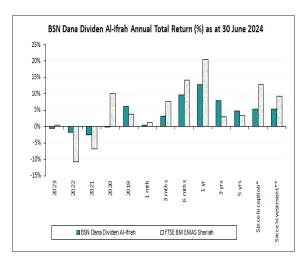
The selected performance benchmark for the Fund is FBM Emas Shariah Index.

Our strategy is to remain focus on companies that are consistently paying attractive dividend yields and have potential earnings growth over the medium- to long-term.

As at 30 June 2024, the Fund has 77.45% exposure to Shariah-compliant equities and 22.55% exposure to cash. The total NAV of the Fund is RM48.988 million whereas the NAV per unit is RM0.1849.

The Fund declared an interim income distribution of 0.75 sen per unit for the period under review.

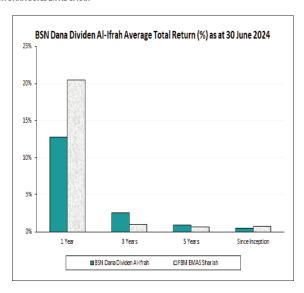




Annual Total Return						
% BSN Dana Dividen Al- FBM EMAS Shariah						
	Ifrah	Index				
2023	(0.51)	0.46				
2022	(1.78)	(10.80)				
2021	(2.55)	(6.81)				
2020	(0.11)	10.14				
2019	6.17	3.85				
1 month	0.49	1.29				
3 month	3.22	7.81				
6 month	9.63	14.23				
1 year	12.77	20.53				
3 year	7.91	3.07				
5 year	4.77	3.46				
Since Inception*	5.42	12.90				
Since Investment**	5.38	9.33				

<sup>\*</sup>starts from 12 September 2012

<sup>\*\*</sup>starts from 12 October 2012



Average Total Return (%)						
	1 year 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024	5 years 1 July 2019 to 30 June 2024	Since Inception			
BSN Dana Dividen Al-Ifrah	12.77	2.57	0.94	0.45		
Benchmark (FBMSHA)	20.53	1.01	0.68	0.76		

Source: All performance figures have been verified by Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.

Note: Past performance of the Fund is not an indication of its future performance.

Unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

# 3.2 Investment Policies

The investment policies for BSN Dana Dividen Al Ifrah are to invest in permitted investment, especially into Shariah-compliant shares which are listed on Bursa Malaysia and also into other type of Shariah-compliant instruments, in line with Securities Commission's Guidelines on Islamic Capital Market Products and Services.

### 3.3 Economic and Market Review

# 3.3.1 Economic Review

The economy grew 4.2% year-on-year in 1Q2024, compared to initial and market estimates of 3.9% and accelerating from a downwardly revised 2.9% rise in the 4Q2023. It marked the fastest economic expansion in exactly a year, primarily attributed to positive contributions from almost all sectors, mainly led by the construction sector (11.9% vs 3.6%), followed by mining & quarrying (5.7% vs 3.5% in Q4), and services (4.7% vs 4.1%). Moreover, output rebounded for manufacturing (1.9% vs -0.3%). Conversely, output slowed for agriculture (1.6% vs 1.9%). On a seasonally adjusted quarterly basis, the country's GDP rose 1.4% in 1Q2024, reversing from a downwardly revised 1.0% fall in 4Q2023.

Bank Negara Malaysia kept its overnight policy rate steady at 3.0% for a sixth straight meeting in May 2024, matching market expectations, saying current monetary policy stance remains supportive of the economy and is consistent with the current assessment of the inflation and growth prospects. The latest indicators suggest higher economic activity in 1Q2024, supported by resilient domestic expenditure and a positive turnaround in exports. However, the growth outlook is subject to downside risks from weaker-than-expected external demand and larger declines in commodity production. This year, the Bank Negara forecasts headline and core inflation to average between 2.0%-3.5% and 2.0%-3.0%, respectively, but this outlook will be dependent on expected subsidy and price control adjustments, as well as global commodity and market developments.

The inflation rate rose to 2.0% in May from 1.8% in the previous three months, above market forecasts of 1.9%. It was the highest reading since August. The main upward pressure came from food (1.8% vs 2.0% in April), alcoholic beverages and tobacco (0.6% vs 0.5%), housing (3.2% vs 3.0%), furnishing & household maintenance (0.8% vs 1.0%), health (2.2% vs 2.3%), transport (0.9% vs 0.8%), communication (0.4% vs -2.5%), recreation & culture (1.9% vs 2.0%), education (1.5% vs 1.4%), restaurants (3.2% vs 3.5%) and miscellaneous goods & services (3.0% vs 3.1%). At the same time, clothing prices fell slightly less (-0.2% vs -0.3%). Headline inflation for 2024 is expected to hold around 2.0% to 3.5%, compared with last year's 2.5%. Core consumer prices, excluding volatile fresh food items and administered costs, increased 1.9% year-on-year, the same pace as in April, staying at the steepest rise in four months. Monthly, the CPI rose 0.3%, the most in 3 months. after a 0.2% gain in April.

# 3.3.2 Market Review

The economic momentum of 1Q 2024 continued into the second, and the last three months were another positive period for equity markets. Initially, investors aggressively dialled back expectations for central bank rate cuts, as the US overheating worries that had taken root towards the end of the first quarter meant strong April data was poorly received by markets. But as the quarter progressed the worst of these worries abated, and soft-landing hopes revived. In Europe, economic momentum also remained positive as the effects of the cost-of-living shock continued to abate.

Companies exposed to AI continued to outperform other areas of the market, and a strong earnings season for US tech companies meant global growth stocks were once again the top performing asset class, delivering 6.4% over the quarter. This performance was concentrated in the US and value stocks outperformed growth stocks over the quarter in Europe, Japan and the UK.

The outcome of the European parliamentary election caused President Macron to announce a snap election in France. Market concerns about the possible outcome introduced significant volatility. The French equity market fell -6.4% in June and hampered broader European returns, which were just 0.6% over the quarter. In the UK, the improving economic situation helped FTSE All-Share deliver 3.7%.

Moves by the Chinese authorities to support the real estate sector provided a boost to Chinese equity markets. This development, combined with strong performance from the artificial intelligence exposed Taiwanese stock market, helped Asia ex-Japan equities deliver strong returns of 7.3% over the quarter. The weight of Asian markets in the broader emerging market universe also meant that, despite lacklustre returns in Latin America, emerging market equities outperformed their developed market counterparts to deliver quarterly returns of 5.1%.

The FBMKLCI posted 3.5% return in 2Q2024 in line with the global market. The local mid cap stocks outperformed the large cap, as the FBM70 gained 9.9%. Construction and Technology were the best performing sectors, gaining 18.2% and 18.1% respectively. Plantation, on the other hand, was the worst performing sector, losing 5.4% during the quarter.

# 3.4 Market Outlook and Strategy

We reiterate our optimistic outlook for equity markets going forward as we believe most of the bad news are already priced-in and corporate earnings would continue to improve.

We expect the KLCI to continue its outperformance in 2H2024 on the back of sustained foreign portfolio inflows as the Ringgit strengthens and local institution buying support. We believe the key themes that will continue to drive market and sector performance are: (1) re-industrialisation and data centre expansion driven by FDI inflows; (2) energy transition and renewable energy resource development; (3) structural reform of the economy; and (4) state government economic drivers.

Nevertheless, we are cautious of the following:

- Profit taking activities. We are wary of potential profit-taking activities and continued rotational plays with unfolding thematics. While this could be partially mitigated by the repatriation of foreign investments by local institutions, we adopt a cautious stance for now pending further clarity on global macro headwinds.
- Sequential earnings declined in selected sectors. Sectors such as gloves, property, technology and manufacturing have shown weaker sequential quarter performance. Hence, we are cautious on the possibility of slowing global econimic growth prospects as well as moderating domestic consumption amid rising domestic inflation from targeted subsidy rationalisation later in the year.
- Malaysian Equity Valuations Mild Against Regional Peers. With support from local institutional buying activities which exceeded net foreign selling, FBMKLCI posted a YTD rise of 9.3% vs. Singapore's +2.9%, Indonesia's -2.9% and Thailand's -8.1%. This outpaced China -0.3%, Hong Kong +3.9% and Korea +5.4%.

Nevertheless, the monthly rolling forward of FBMKLCI's 5-year median forward P/E slid slightly to 14.6x vs. pre pandemic 2017-2019 median of 17x amid persistently low post-Covid19 valuations. The latest FBMKLCI's 2024F PE of around 14.6x currently trades near the latest 5-year median, yet valued significantly higher than its regional peers (-1.2 to -0.5 SD).

In conclusion, while we are still maintaining our optimistic view of our local market, we believe equity markets will continue to take their cue from a combination of external and domestic factors that ultimately have a bearing on the prospects for corporate earnings and investor sentiment. Externally, we believe that it is still a waiting game for the US Fed to deliver its first rate cut as expected by the market, while domestically, we believe the next major leg up for Malaysia's equity market needs to come from the policy side.

# 3.5 Distribution of Income

The Fund has declared an interim income distribution of [0.75 sen (gross), 0.75 sen (net)] per unit on 30 April 2024. The distribution was declared in the form of units and reinvested based on the NAV per Unit of the Business Day on which the distribution is declared by the Manager.

# 3.6 Policy on Rebates and Soft Commissions

For the financial period under review, the Manager received a soft commission from brokers in the form of research materials. Any soft commissions received from the broker which are in the form of research material that assists in the decision-making process relating to the Fund's investment may be retained by the Manager. The soft commission received was for the benefit of the fund and there was no churning of trades. Any stock broking rebates received by the Manager will be directed to the account of the Fund.

# 3.7 Investment Allocation by Sector

				Mark up/	
	Cost At	Purchase	Sold	down to	Value At
Sector	01.01.2024	At Cost	At Cost	market value	30.06.2024
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Construction	1,275,532	3,620,528	(3,920,377)	198,193	1,173,876
Consumer Products	4,286,015	5,955,497	(5,389,837)	148,354	5,000,029
Energy	2,688,977	2,861,006	(1,723,954)	(247,376)	3,578,652
Financial Services	1,103,456	4,392,371	(1,236,376)	143,796	4,403,247
Health Care		2,211,937	(779,106)	56,489	1,489,320
Industrial Products	3,678,154	2,391,956	(3,384,278)	(37,029)	2,648,803
Plantation	4,801,518	942,812	(2,724,391)	44,993	3,064,932
Property	3,267,392	3,041,191	(4,237,792)	39,938	2,110,729
REITS	1,698,897	397,501	(123,009)	5,275	1,978,664
Technology	4,203,855	3,967,336	(5,323,184)	409,891	3,257,898
Telecommunication	1,845,476	2,689,851	(1,552,728)	125,123	3,107,722
Transportation	624,270	2,042,054	(870,993)	125,221	1,920,552
Utilities	3,536,070	2,623,677	(2,396,108)	445,349	4,208,988
	33,009,611	37,137,715	(33,662,133)	1,458,218	37,943,412

# 3.8 Separation Unit

There is no separation unit performed for the financial period under review.

# 3.9 State of Affairs of the Fund

There has been neither significant change to the state of affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unitholders during the financial period under review. However, one of the company independent director has been resigned.

# 3.10 Changes Made to the Fund's Prospectus

No changes during the financial period under review.

# 3.11 Circumstances that materially affects any interest of the Unit holders

During the financial period under review, there were no circumstances that materially affect any interest of the unit holders.

# 3.12 Cross-trade

No cross-trade transactions have been carried out during the financial period under

# 3.13 Securities Financing Transactions

For the financial period under review, the Fund has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transactions (collectively referred to as "securities financing transactions").

4. STATEMENT BY MANAGER

We, KAMARI ZAMAN BIN JUHARI and ASARAF ABOO BAKAR, being two of the Directors of PERMODALAN BSN BERHAD ("the Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the

Manager, the accompanying unaudited financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as

to give a true and fair view of the financial position of BSN DANA DIVIDEN AL-IFRAH as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial period then ended

and comply with the requirements of the Deed.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of the Manager,

KAMARI ZAMAN BIN IUHARI

Director

ASARAF ABOO BAKAR

Director

Kuala Lumpur

Date: 16 August 2024

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5. TRUSTEE'S REPORT

To the unit holders of BSN DANA DIVIDEN AL-IFRAH ("Fund"),

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial period ended 30 June 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, PERMODALAN BSN BERHAD has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by

these financial statements in accordance with the following:

1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the

deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds; and

2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the

investment objective of the Fund.

For AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD

ZAINUDIN BIN SUHAIMI

Chief Executive Officer Date: 30 July 2024

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# 6. SHARIAH ADVISER'S REPORT

To the unit holders of BSN DANA DIVIDEN AL-IFRAH (Fund),

We hereby confirm the following:

- To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, PERMODALAN BSN BERHAD has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and requirements and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- The asset of the Fund comprises instruments that have been classified as Shariahcompliant.

For TAWAFUQ CONSULTANCY SDN BHD

# MUHAMMAD AIMAN MOHAMAD SALMI, CPIF, CSAA

Director/ Principal Consultant

Kuala Lumpur Date: 16 August 2024

# 7. UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	30.06.2024 RM	31.12.2023 RM
Assets			
Investment			
Quoted Shariah-compliant equity investments	5	37,943,412	33,047,840
Other Assets			
Islamic deposits with licensed financial			
institutions	6	11,985,000	10,657,000
Dividend receivables		159,669	138,302
Profit income receivables Tax recoverable		21,489	13,739
Amount owing from broker	7	436,494	4,812,003
Bank halances	,	5,795	5,626
Dalik Dalalices	-	3,733	3,020
Total Asset	=	50,551,859	48,674,510
Unitholders' Fund and Liabilities			
Liabilities			
Accrued expenses		17,943	25,072
Amount owing to broker	7	1,487,200	3,892,864
Amount owing to Manager	8	56,453	56,654
Amount owing to Trustee	9 _	2,258	2,266
Total Liabilities	-	1,563,854	3,976,856
Unitholders' Fund			
Unitholders' contribution	10(a)	64,805,532	62,896,673
Accumulated losses	10(b)(c)	(15,817,527)	(18,199,019)
Not Accet Value ("NIAV") Attributed to			
Net Asset Value ("NAV") Attributable to Unitholders		48,988,005	44,697,654
Officiologis	=	40,300,003	44,037,034
Total Unitholder's Fund and Liabilities	=	50,551,859	48,674,510
Number of Units in Circulation	10(a)	264,974,085	254,514,581
NAV Per Unit (Ex-Distribution)	=	0.1849	0.1756
	-		

# UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	30.06.2024 RM	31.12.2023 RM
Investment Income  Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: Realised gain on sales of Shariah-			
Compliant equity investments Unrealised gain/(loss) on changes in fair		2,632,683	196,605
values		1,419,989	(736,657)
Dividend income		690,382	1,197,004
Profit income from Islamic deposits		189,248	350,756
Other income		7	39
Gross Income		4,932,309	1,007,747
Expenditure			
Management fee	11	(349,475)	(669,380)
Trustee's fee	12	(13,979)	(26,775)
Auditor's remuneration		(8,976)	(19,000)
Tax agent's fee		(2,393)	(5,072)
Administrative expenses		(267,135)	(514,395)
·			
Total Expenditure		(641,958)	(1,234,622)
Profit/(Loss) before tax Tax expense		4,290,351	(226,875)
Profit/(Loss) for the financial period/year, representing total comprehensive profit/(loss) for			
the financial period/year		4,290,351	(226,875)
Profit/(Loss) for the financial period/year, representing total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the financial period/year comprises the following:			
Realised gain	10(b)	2,870,362	509,782
Unrealised gain/(loss)	10(c)	1,419,989	(736,657)
		4,290,351	(226,875)
Distribution for the financial period/year-			
Distribution for the financial period/year: Net distributions	13	1 000 050	
	13	1,908,859 0.75	-
Gross/Net distribution per unit (sen)	13	U./5	

(The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements)

# 9. UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSET VALUE FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

		Unitholders' contribution RM	Accumulated losses RM	Total RM
As at 1 January 2023 Loss for the year, representing total comprehensive loss		62,911,080	(17,972,144)	44,938,936
for the year		-	(226,875)	(226,875)
Contributions by/ (Distribution to) unitholders of the Fund:	_			
Creation of units Cancellation of units	10(a)	- (14 407)	-	- (4.4.407)
Cancellation of units	10(a)	(14,407)	-	(14,407)
Total transactions with				
unitholders of the Fund	-	(14,407)		(14,407)
As at 31 December 2023	-	62,896,673	(18,199,019)	44,697,654
As at 1 January 2024 Profit for the financial period, representing total comprehensive income		62,896,673	(18,199,019)	44,697,654
for the financial period		-	4,290,351	4,290,351
Distribution to unitholders of the Fund:				
Cancellation of units	10(a)	-	-	-
Distribution		-	(1,908,859)	(1,908,859)
Distribution Reinvestment	=	1,908,859	-	1,908,859
As at 30 June 2024	=	64,805,532	(15,817,527)	48,988,005

# 10. UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	30.06.2024 RM	31.12.2023 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of Shariah-complaint equity		
investments	38,037,641	73,127,783
Purchase of Shariah-complaint equity investments	(35,001,836)	(69,362,690)
Dividend received	669,015	1,296,463
Profit income received	181,505	351,304
Management fee paid	(349,676)	(667,610)
Trustee's fee paid	(13,987)	(26,790)
Auditors' remuneration paid	(19,000)	(18,000)
Tax agent's fee paid	-	(4,800)
Payment of administrative expenses	(266,634)	(514,352)
Net Cash From Operating and Investing Activities	3,237,028	4,181,308
CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from creation of units	-	-
Payments for cancellation of units	-	(14,407)
Distribution paid	(1,908,859)	
Net Cash Used In Financing Activities	(1,908,859)	(14,407)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,328,169	4,166,901
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD/YEAR	10,662,626	6,495,725
DEGINANTO OF THE FINANCIAET ENIODY TEAM	10,002,020	0,433,723
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT		
END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD/YEAR	11,990,795	6,495,725
Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:		
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	11,985,000	10,657,000
Bank balances	5,795	5,626
	11,990,795	10,662,626

# 11. NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Fund was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 9 February 2012 and First Supplemental Deed dated 22 December 2022 between Permodalan BSN Berhad ("the Manager"), AmanahRaya Trustees Berhad ("the Trustee") and registered unitholders of the Fund

The principal activity of the Fund is to invest in a portfolio of equity, equity-related securities, debentures, money market instruments and any such other securities and/or instruments as may be determined by the Manager that comply with Shariah requirements. Any material change to the investment objective of the Fund would require the unitholders' approval. The Fund commenced operation on 12 September 2012.

The Manager, a company incorporated in Malaysia, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Bank Simpanan Nasional ("BSN"). The Manager is principally engaged in the management of unit trust funds and fund management activities. The registered office and principal place of business of the Manager is located at Tingkat 2, Blok A, Wisma Bank Simpanan Nasional, 117 Jalan Ampang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur.

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Manager in accordance with a resolution of directors on 16 August 2024.

# 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs").

# Adoption of New MFRSs Amendments to MFRSs

In the current financial period, the Fund adopted all the Amendments to MFRSs issued by Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") that are relevant to its operations and effective for annual financial periods on or after 1 January 2023 as follows:

MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

Amendments to MFRS 17 Initial Application of MFRS 9 and MFRS 17 - Comparative

Information

Amendments to MFRS 101 Disclosure of Accounting Policies
Amendments to MFRS 108 Definition of Accounting Estimates

Amendments to MFRS 112 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a

Single Transactions

The adoption of the above does not give rise to any material financial effects on the financial statements of the Fund.

# Amendments to MFRSs in Issue but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation for issue of these financial statements, the Amendments to MFRSs which were in issue but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Fund are as listed below:

Amendments to MFRS 101 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to MFRS 101 Non-current Liabilities with Covenants<sup>1</sup> Supplier Financing Arrangements<sup>1</sup>

and MFRS 7

Amendments to MFRS 121 Lack of Exchangeability<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to MFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its

and MFRS 128 Associates or Joint Venture<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to MFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback<sup>1</sup>

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024, with earlier application permitted.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025, with earlier application permitted.
- 3 Effective date deferred to a date to be determined and announced by MASB, with earlier application still permitted.

The Manager of the Fund anticipates that the abovementioned applicable new MFRS and Amendments to MFRSs will be adopted in the annual financial statements of the Fund when they become effective. The adoption of these applicable new MFRS and Amendments to MFRSs will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Fund in the period of initial application.

# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

# 3.1 Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities which are measured at fair values as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Fund takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of MFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are within the scope of MFRS 16 Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in MFRS 102 Inventories or value-in-use in MFRS 136 Impairment of Assets.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are
  observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- · Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

# 3.2 Functional and Presentation Currency

The financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates ("functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is also its functional currency.

# 3.3 Financial Instruments

# (i) Recognition and Initial Measurement

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without significant financing component) or a financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at fair value

through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issuance.

# (ii) Financial Instrument Categories and Subsequent Measurement

# Financial assets

Categories of financial assets are determined on initial recognition and are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Fund changes its business model for managing financial assets in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change of the business model.

# (a) Amortised cost

Amortised cost category comprises financial assets that are held within a business model whose objectives is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding. The financial assets are not designated as FVTPL. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective profit method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Profit income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

The effective profit method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating the profit income over the relevant period. The effective profit rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. The calculation takes into account all contractual terms of the financial instruments but does not consider future credit losses. Significant fees and transaction costs integral to the effective profit rate, as well as premiums or discounts are also considered.

# (b) Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

All financial assets not measured at amortised cost as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Fund may irrevocably designates a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost as at FVTPL if doing so eliminate or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets categorised at FVTPL are subsequently measured at their fair value. Net gains or losses, including any profit or dividend income, are recognised in the profit or loss.

All financial assets, except for those measured at FVTPL, are subject to impairment assessment.

# Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost.

A financial liability is any liability with contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another enterprise, or to exchange financial instruments with another enterprise under conditions that are potentially unfavourable.

(a) Financial Liabilities Measured Subsequently at Amortised Cost

Financial liabilities that are not held for trading, or designated as at FVTPL, are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective cost method.

The effective cost method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating profit charges over the relevant period. The effective charges is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective charges, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

The Fund's significant other financial liabilities include accrued expenses, amounts owing to a broker, Manager and Trustee, which are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

# (iii) Derecognition

A financial asset or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or the financial asset is transferred to another party without retaining control or substantially all risks and rewards of the asset. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in Shariah-compliant equity is recognised in profit or loss.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

# (iv) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and liability simultaneously.

# 3.4 Impairment of Financial Assets

The Fund assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired.

The measurement of expected credit losses ("ECL") is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the financial assets' gross carrying amount at the end of each reporting year. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

The Fund applies the simplified approach under MFRS 9 which requires expected lifetime loss to be recognised from initial recognition. The expected loss allowance is based on provisional matrix.

# 3.5 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

At the end of each reporting period, provisions are reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Provisions are reversed if it is no longer probable that the Fund will be required to settle the obligations.

# 3.6 Unitholders' Contribution

The unitholders' contribution of the Fund meets the definition of puttable instruments and is classified as equity instruments.

Instruments classified as equity are measured at cost and are not remeasured subsequently.

Distribution equalisation is accounted for at the date of creation and cancellation of units of the Fund. It represents the average amount of distributable income or loss included in the creation and cancellation prices of units.

# 3.7 Net Asset Value Attributable to Unitholders

Net asset value attributable to unitholders represents the redemption amount that would be payable if the unitholders exercised the right to redeem units of the Fund at the end of the reporting period.

# 3.8 Income Recognition

Realised gain or loss on disposal of investments represents the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments, computed on the weighted average cost basis.

Unrealised gains or losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the reporting period.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the right to receive dividend payment is established

Profit income from Islamic deposits is recognised on a time proportion basis that reflects the effective yield on the asset.

# 3.9 Income Tax

There is no tax charge as profit income derived by the Fund is exempted pursuant to Paragraph 35 and 35A, Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act, 1967. Gains arising from realisation of investments are not treated as income pursuant to Paragraph 61(1)(b) of the Income Tax Act. 1967.

Pursuant to Public Ruling No. 7/2013 in Unit Trust Funds and Paragraph 12B, Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act, 1967, single-tier dividends distributed by a resident company will be exempted from tax in Malaysia.

Pursuant to Public Ruling No. 5/2017 Taxation of Unit Holders of Real Estate Investment Trust/Property Trust Funds, unit holders are not required to declare the income from REIT as the tax withheld is a final tax.

# 3.10 Classification of Realised and Unrealised Gains and Losses

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised (i.e. sold, redeemed or matured) during the reporting period.

Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal proceeds.

# 3.11 Dividend Distributions

Dividend distributions are at the discretion of the Fund. A dividend distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserves except where dividend is sourced out of distribution equalisation which is accounted for as a deduction from unitholders' contribution. The amount is either refunded to unitholder by way of distribution and/or adjusted accordingly when units are cancelled.

A proposed dividend distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved.

# 3.12 Operating Segments

For management purposes, the Fund is organised into one main operating segment, which invests in various types of Shariah-compliant equity investments and Islamic deposits. All of the Fund's activities are interrelated, and each activity is dependent on the others. Accordingly, all significant decisions are based upon analysis of the Fund as one segment. The financial results from this segment are equivalent to the financial statements of the Fund as a whole.

# 3.13 Statement of Cash Flows

The Fund adopts the direct method in the preparation of statement of cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of bank balances and Islamic deposits, highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition and are readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk of changes in value.

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

# 4.1 Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3 above, the Manager is of the opinion that there are no instances of application of judgement which are expected to have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

# 4.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The Manager believes that there are no key assumptions made concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

# 5. QUOTED SHARIAH-COMPLIANT EQUITY INVESTMENTS

Details of quoted Shariah-compliant equity investments are as follows:

	Market value as a	percentage of NAV %	2.93	1	2.93
		Market value RM	1,308,260	1	1,308,260
31.12.2023		Purchase cost RM	1,275,532	1	1,275,532
		Number of shares	285,024		285,024
	Market value as a	percentage of NNAV	1.57	0.82	2.39
2024		Market value RM	770,676	403,200	1,173,876
30.06.2024		Purchase cost RM	594,882	380,801	975,683
		Number of shares	117,124	420,000	537,124
		Name of company	Construction Gamuda Berhad	(Malaysia) Berhad	

		30.06.2024	2024	Market value		31.12.2023	.2023	Market value
Number	Number of shares	Purchase cost RM	Market value RM	as a percentage of NAV %	Number of shares	Purchase cost RM	Market value RM	as a percentage of NAV %
	1	1	1		9,390	6,623	5,634	0.01
39	398,600	957,217	1,000,486	2.04				1
2,21	2,219,300	1,583,317	1,708,861	3.49	000'866	701,687	698,600	1.56
49	490,900	436,711	741,259	1.51	927,300	758,051	769,659	1.72
	1	,	1	,	429,300	342,261	304,803	0.68
459	459,900	1,267,150	1,071,567	2.19	1	1	1	
7	27,400	607,280	477,856	0.98	57,200	1,275,241	1,249,248	2.79
	1	1	1	1	4,114,790	1,202,152	1,172,715	2.62
3,59	3,596,100	4,851,675	5,000,029	10.21	6,535,980	4,286,015	4,200,659	9.38

		30.06.2024	2024			31.12.2023	.2023	
				Market value as a				Market value as a
Name of company	Number of shares	Purchase cost RM	Market value RM	percentage of NAV	Number of shares	Purchase cost RM	Market value RM	percentage of NAV
Energy Dialog Group Berhad Hibiscus Petroleum Berhad Malaysia Marine and Heavy	243,100 653,940	574,871	581,009 1,523,680	1.19	597,340	1,545,233	1,517,244	3.39
Engineering Holdings Berhad Velesto Energy Berhad	739,600 4,306,200	383,045 1,179,830	332,820 1,141,143	0.68	2,002,400 458,200	1,038,488 105,255	961,152 105,386	2.15
1	5,942,840	3,826,028	3,578,652	7.31	3,057,940	2,688,976	2,583,782	5.78
Financial Services Malaysia Building Society Berhad	1,254,200	969,228	1,015,902	2.07	1,440,800	1,055,753	1,022,968	2.29
Noe Capital Bernau Syarikat Takaful Malaysia Keluarga Berhad	443,100	1,601,597	1,652,763	3.37	0000		000,00	5
ı	2,312,400	4,259,450	4,403,247	8.98	1,460,600	1,103,456	1,083,556	2.43
<b>Health Care</b> IHH Healthcare Berhad	236,400	1,432,831	1,489,320	3.04	1	1	1	1
1	236,400	1,432,831	1,489,320	3.04	1	1	1	1

		30.06.2024	2024	Market value		31.12.2023	.2023	Market value
Name of company	Number of shares	Purchase cost RM	Market value RM	as a percentage of NAV %	Number of shares	Purchase cost RM	Market value RM	as a percentage of NAV %
Industrial Products and Services								
Econframe Berhad	1,168,400	1,074,928	812,038	1.66	2,250,000	2,070,000	1,845,000	4.13
Feytech Holdings Berhad UCHI Technologies Berhad	37,900 451,500	30,320 1,580,584	39,795 1,796,970	3.67	485,400	1,608,154	1,800,834	4.03
	1,657,800	2,685,832	2,648,803	5.41	2,735,400	3,678,154	3,645,834	8.16
Plantation								
IOI Corporation Berhad	197,800	787,589	731,860	1.49	366,800	1,460,503	1,441,524	3.23
SD Guthrie Berhad	162,000	712,043	683,640	1.40	100,800	449,762	449,568	1.01
Ta Ann Holdings Berhad	335,700	1,198,976	1,279,017	2.61	437,100	1,536,862	1,599,786	3.58
TSH Resources Berhad	322,100	321,331	370,415	0.76	1,365,400	1,354,391	1,331,265	2.98
	1,017,600	3,019,939	3,064,932	6.26	2,270,100	4,801,518	4,822,143	10.80
Property								
Lagenda Properties Berhad	565,300	727,673	684,013	1.40	814,900	957,447	1,010,476	2.26
Mah Sing Group Berhad	228,500	394,799	395,305	0.81	ı	ı	1	ı
Holdings Berhad	523,850	889,843	932,453	1.90	592,850	969,325	978,202	2.19
S P Setia Berhad	11,700	9,810	16,146	0.03	1,680,600	1,340,620	1,344,480	3.01
Sime Darby Property								
Berhad	61,800	48,666	82,812	0.17	1	1	1	1
	1.391.150	2.070.791	2.110.729	4.31	3.088.350	3.267.392	3.333.158	7.46
	00-1-001-				00000000		00000000	

		30.06.2024	2024			31.12.2023	2023	
				Market value as a				Market value as a
Name of company	Number of shares	Purchase cost RM	Market value RM	percentage of NAV %	Number of shares	Purchase cost RM	Market value RM	percentage of NAV %
Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REIT") Axis REIT KLCC REIT	666,352	1,255,539	1,219,424 759,240	2.49	666,352	1,255,539	1,192,770	2.67
	768,952	1,973,389	1,978,664	4.04	733,752	1,698,897	1,670,636	3.74
Technology Frontken Corporation Berhad	62,700	259,476	279,642	0.57	213,100	687,934	690,444	1.54
Globerronics Technology Berhad	553,600	738,180	819,328	1.67	632,700	999,210	1,024,974	2.29
Inari Amertron Berhad	276,700	910,324	1,023,790	2.09	358,200	1,057,762	1,078,182	2.41
MY EG Services Berhad	978,700	831,813	998,274	2.04	291,900	237,344	237,899	0.53
Unisem (Malaysia) Berhad	32,900	108,214	136,864	0.28	371,400	1,221,605	1,229,334	2.75
	1,904,600	2,848,007	3,257,898	6.65	1,867,300	4,203,855	4,260,833	9.52
<b>Telecommunication and Media</b> Telekom Malaysia								
Berhad Time Dotcom Berhad	267,600	1,622,302	1,808,976	3.69	194,700	1,038,756	1,080,585	2.42
	525,800	2,982,599	3,107,722	6.34	344,600	1,845,476	1,890,045	4.23

		30.06.2024	2024			31.12.2023	.2023	
				Market value				Market value
				as a				asa
Name of company	Number of shares	Purchase cost	Market	percentage of NAV	Number of shares	Purchase cost	Market value	percentage of NAV
•		R	Σ	%		R	ΣÃ	%
Transportation and Logistics	123 200	952 799	1 049 664	41.0	OO XX	026 720	632 772	1 42
Tasco Berhad	941,500	842,531	870,888	1.78			-	'
	1,064,700	1,795,330	1,920,552	3.92	86,800	624,270	632,772	1.42
Utilities	700	100001	1 440 960	6	000 000	1 002 630	130 360	, 1
Petronas Gas Berhad	57,700	1,000,996	1,028,214	2.10	77,200	1,298,794	1,343,280	3.01
Tenaga Nasional Berhad	126,300	1,444,422	1,740,414	3.55	114,800	1,144,656	1,152,592	2.58
	584,100	3,763,639	4,208,988	8.59	541,000	3,536,070	3,616,162	8.10
Total portfolio	000	401			0.00	77000	140 00	1
myestnient	21,339,300	30,463,133	37,343,412	77.40	23,000,646	33,003,611	33,047,040	7.9.90
Unrealised gain on changes in fair value (Note 10(c))		1,458,219				38,229		
Fair value of quoted Shariah-compliant equity								
investments		37,943,412				33,047,840		

# 6. ISLAMIC DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

The effective profit rates for the Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions ranged from 2.90% to 3.70% (2023: 2.70% to 3.75%) per annum. The deposits have a maturity period of 1 day to 92 days (2023: 1 day to 91 days).

# 7. AMOUNT OWING FROM/(TO) BROKER

	30.06.2024 RM	31.12.2023 RM
Amount owing from broker in respect of: Sales of Shariah-compliant equity investments	436,494	4,812,003
Amount owing to broker in respect of: Purchase of Shariah-compliant equity investments	(1,487,200)	(3,892,864)

Amount owing from/(owing to) broker is unsecured and interest free (2023: interest free). The settlement period is within 2 to 3 working days from the deal date.

# 8. AMOUNT OWING TO MANAGER

	30.06.2024 RM	31.12.2023 RM
Amount owing to Manager in respect of: Management fee	56,453	56,654

Amount owing to Manager is unsecured, interest free (2023: interest free) and payable on demand.

# 9. AMOUNT OWING TO TRUSTEE

	30.06.2024 RM	31.12.2023 RM
Amount owing to Trustee in respect of:	2.250	2.255
Trustee fee	2,258	2,266

Amount owing to Trustee is unsecured, interest free (2023: interest free) and payable on demand.

### 10. NET ASSET VALUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

	Note	30.06.2024 RM	31.12.2023 RM
Unitholders' contribution Accumulated losses:	(a)	64,805,532	62,896,673
- Realised loss - distributable - Unrealised gain - non-distributable	(b) (c)	(17,275,746) 1,458,219	(18,237,248) 38,229
	-	(15,817,527)	(18,199,019)
	_	48,988,005	44,697,654

### (a) Unitholders' contribution/units in circulation

	30.06	.2024	31.12.	.2023
	Number		Number	
	of units	RM	of units	RM
At beginning of the financial period/year	254,514,581	62,896,673	254,596,000	62,911,080
Creation during the financial period/year	-	-	-	-
Reinvestment during the financial period/year	10,459,504	1,908,859	_	_
Cancellation during the financial	3, 33,	,,		
period/year			(81,419)	(14,407)
At end of the financial				
period/year	264,974,085	64,805,532	254,514,581	62,896,673

### (b) Realised loss - distributable

	Note	30.06.2024 RM	31.12.2023 RM
At beginning of the financial period/year Net realised gain for the financial		(18,237,248)	(18,747,030)
period/year	13	961,502	509,782
At end of the financial period/year		(17,275,746)	(18,237,248)

### (c) Unrealised gain - non-distributable

	Note	30.06.2024 RM	31.12.2023 RM
At beginning of the financial period/year Net unrealised gain/(loss) for the		38,229	774,886
financial period/year	-	1,419,990	(736,657)
At end of the financial period/year	5	1,458,219	38,229

### 11. MANAGEMENT FFF

Under the Replacement Master Prospectus dated 18 September 2023 that replacing the First Supplemental Master Prospectus dated 29 March 2019 provides that the Manager is entitled to an annual management fee of up to 1.50% (2023: 1.50%) per annum of the NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

### 12. TRUSTEE'S FEE

Under the Replacement Master Prospectus dated 18 September 2023 that replacing the Master Prospectus dated 24 November 2016 provides that the Trustee is entitled to an annual Trustee's fee of 0.06% (2023: 0.06%) of the NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

### 13. DISTRIBUTIONS

The distribution to unitholders is from the following sources:

	Note	30.06.2024 RM	31.12.2023 RM
Realised gain on sale of Shariah- Compliant equity investments Dividend income Profit income from Islamic deposits Other income Undistributed realised (gain) for the financial		2,632,683 690,382 189,248 7	196,605 1,197,004 350,756 39
period/year carried forward	10(b)	(961,502)	(509,782)
Less:		2,550,818	1,234,622
Total expenditure		(641,958)	(1,234,622)
Total amount of distributions		1,908,860	-
Gross/Net distribution per unit (sen)		0.75	-

# 14. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS

Transactions with brokers during the financial period are as follows:

		30.06.2024	024			31.12.2023	:023	
			<b>Brokerage fees and</b>	ees and			<b>Brokerage fees and</b>	ees and
Brokers	Transaction value RM %	n value %	commissions RM	sions %	Transaction value RM %	n value %	commissions RM	sions %
Affin Hwang Investment								
Bank Berhad	8.965.728	12.20	29,636	16.00	14,748,158	9.93	51,901	10.70
Apex Securities Berhad	10,453,864	14.24	29,494	15.92	15,276,055	10.29	45,754	9.43
BIMB Securities Sdn Bhd	10,426,470	14.20	29,296	15.82	28,845,263	19.43	87,323	18.00
CGS International Securities								
Malaysia	12,239,683	16.67	34,436	18.60	20,057,016	13.51	61,458	12.67
Credit Suisse (Malaysia) Sdn	_							
Bhd		,		•	2,220,197	1.49	8,447	1.74
M&A Securities Sdn Bhd	677,488	0.92	1,926	1.04	14,515,252	9.78	44,357	9.14
Maybank Investment Bank								
Berhad	8,965,222	12.21	29,680	16.02	17,708,149	11.93	62,700	12.92
MIDF Amanah								
Investment Bank								
Berhad	9,220,140	12.56	30,553	16.50	16,580,824	11.17	57,383	11.82
RHB Investment								
Bank Berhad	10,788,696	14.69	194	0.10	18,522,228	12.47	65,871	13.58
SJ Securities Sdn Bhd	1,380,600	1.88		1	1			
TA Securities Holdings								
Berhad	314,640	0.43		1				1
•	73,432,531	100.00	185,215	100.00	148,473,142	100.00	485,194	100.00

### 15. UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND RELATED PARTIES

As of the end of the reporting period, the total number and value of units held by the Manager and related parties are as follows:

	30.06	2024	31.12.	2023
	Number of units	Value at NAV RM	Number of units	Value at NAV RM
Bank Simpanan Nasional (Holding company of the Manager) Permodalan BSN Berhad	264,682,017	48,939,705	254,234,043	44,643,498
(the Manager, wholly-owned by BSN)				
	264,682,017	48,939,705	254,234,043	44,643,498

The directors of the Manager are of the opinion that the transactions with the related parties have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from that obtainable in transactions with unrelated parties.

### 16. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO

The total expense ratio of the Fund for the financial period ended 30 June 2024 is 1.35% (2023: 2.22%). It is the ratio of all the fees deducted from the Fund including management fee, Trustee's fee, auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee plus expense charged to the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund's average NAV, calculated on a daily basis.

### 17. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO

The portfolio turnover ratio of the Fund for the financial period ended 30 June 2024 is 0.75 times (2023: 1.66 times). It is the ratio of average of the total acquisitions and disposals of investment in the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

### 18. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Investment Committee of the Manager, being the operating decision-maker, makes the strategic decision on the resource allocation of the Fund. The decisions are based on an integrated investment strategy to ensure the Fund achieves its targeted return with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio.

The Investment Committee is responsible for the performance of the Fund by investing a minimum of 70% of the Fund's NAV in Shariah-compliant stocks and shares of companies quoted on Bursa Securities. The Fund will also invest up to 30% of the Fund's NAV in liquid assets including Islamic money market instruments and Islamic deposits.

On this basis, the Investment Committee considers the business of the Fund to have a single operating segment located in Malaysia. Asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investments strategy and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The internal reporting provided for the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS and IFRS.

There were no changes in the reportable operating segments during the financial period.

### 19. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

### **Categories of Financial Instruments**

	30.06.2024 RM	31.12.2023 RM
Financial assets Carried at FVTPL:		
Quoted Shariah-compliant equity investments	37,943,412	33,047,840
Amortised cost:		
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	11,985,000	10,657,000
Dividend receivables	159,669	138,302
Profit income receivables	21,489	13,739
Tax recoverable	-	
Amount owing from broker	436,494	4,812,003
Bank balances	5,795	5,626
	50,551,859	48,674,510
Financial liabilities: Amortised cost:		
Accrued expenses	17,943	25,072
Amount owing to broker	1,487,200	3,892,864
Amount owing to Manager	56,453	56,654
Amount owing to Trustee	2,258	2,266
	1,563,854	3,976,856

The Fund's activities are exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Fund's overall financial risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

Financial risk management is carried out through policy reviews, internal control systems and adherence to the investment powers and restrictions stipulated in the Securities Commission's Guidelines on Islamic Capital Market Products and Services in Malaysia

### (a) Market Risk

Market risk arises due to changing market conditions as a result of regulatory, political, economic and business environment. Such changes can result in stock market fluctuations which may affect the Fund's underlying investments which will cause the NAV of the Fund to fall or rise. Market risk cannot be eliminated but may be reduced through diversification. The Manager diversify the portfolio and monitor the investment climate and market conditions to take measures, where necessary and appropriate, to mitigate this risk.

### Price Risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair values of equity securities decrease as a result of changes in the level of equity indices and the value of individual securities. It is the Fund's policy to maximise returns for the least amount of risk and the Manager selects securities that are fundamentally sound with good growth potential.

The Fund's Shariah-compliant securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future prices of the instruments. The Fund's overall market position is monitored on a daily basis by the Fund's Investment Manager.

The Fund only invests in Shariah-compliant securities issued in Malaysia and the Fund's market price risk is managed through diversification of the investment portfolio ratios by exposures.

The table below shows the diversification of the Fund's investment portfolio as at the end of the reporting period.

30.06.2024		
Industry	RM	% NAV
Construction	1,173,876	2.39
Consumer products and services	5,000,029	10.21
Energy	3,578,652	7.31
Financial services	4,403,247	8.98
Health care	1,489,320	3.04
Industrial products and services	2,648,803	5.41
Plantation	3,064,932	6.26
Property	2,110,729	4.31
REIT	1,978,664	4.04
Technology	3,257,898	6.65
Telecommunication and media	3,107,722	6.34
Transportation and logistics	1,920,552	3.92
Utilities	4,208,988	8.59
	37,943,412	77.45

31.12.2023

Industry	RM	% NAV
Construction	1,308,260	2.93
Consumer products and services	4,200,659	9.38
Energy	2,583,782	5.78
Financial services	1,083,556	2.43
Industrial products and services	3,645,834	8.16
Plantation	4,822,143	10.80
Property	3,333,158	7.46
REIT	1,670,636	3.74
Technology	4,260,833	9.52
Telecommunication and media	1,890,045	4.23
Transportation and logistics	632,772	1.42
Utilities	3,616,162	8.10
	33,047,840	73.95

The overall market position is monitored on a daily basis by the Manager. The Manager will determine which industry may benefit from current and future changes in the economy when undergoing the process of sector allocation. The value of the Fund's investments in ordinary shares issued by any single issuer must not exceed 10% of the Fund's daily NAV.

If prices for quoted Shariah-compliant investments as at the end of the reporting period strengthened by 5% with all other variables being held constant, the Fund's profit before taxation and NAV would have increased by RM1,897,171 (2023:RM1,652,392). A 5% weakening in the quoted prices would have had an equal but opposite effect on the profit before taxation and NAV respectively. This is for illustration purposes only and is not an indication of future variances.

The Manager has in place a system for the monitoring of the Fund's transactions to ensure compliance with the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds in Malaysia and the Fund's limits and investment restrictions in accordance with the parameters in the Deed.

### (b) Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the inability of an issuer or a counterparty to make timely payments of profit, principal and proceeds from realisation of investments.

Credit risk arising from placements of Islamic deposits in licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions.

For amount owing from broker, the settlement terms are governed by the relevant rules and regulations as prescribed by Bursa Securities. All transactions in listed Shariah-compliant securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of Shariah-compliant securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the Shariah-compliant securities have been received by the broker. If either party fails to meet their obligation, the trade will fail.

The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units receivable from the Manager and redemption of units payable to the Manager are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds in Malaysia.

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements as at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of the financial assets as set out below:

	30.06.2024 RM	31.12.2023 RM
Islamic deposits with licensed financial		
institutions	11,985,000	10,657,000
Dividend receivables	159,669	138,302
Profit income receivables	21,489	13,739
Amount owing from broker	436,494	4,812,003
Bank balances	5,795	5,626
	12,608,447	15,626,670

### (c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets with minimum level of 10% of the NAV of the Fund to meet anticipated payments and cancellation of units by unitholders. Islamic money market instruments which include Islamic term deposits, Islamic repurchase agreements and short term cash placements with licensed financial institutions, will be used to maintain the Fund's liquidity position and as a short term alternative measure when the equity market experiences excessive volatility.

The Fund shall not borrow in connection with its activities or lend any of its cash or investments unless permitted by the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds in Malaysia and any Guidance Notes issued by the SC from time to time or other laws or regulations pertaining to unit trusts.

As of the current and previous financial year, all the financial liabilities of the Fund are due on demand or within one year from the end of the reporting period.

### (d) Capital Risk Management

The Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. The Board of Directors of the Manager is ultimately responsible for the overall risk management approach within the Fund.

Monitoring and controlling risk are primarily set up to be performed based on limits established by the Manager and the Trustee. These limits reflect the investment strategy and market environment of the Fund's investments as well as the level of the risk that the Manager is willing to accept. In addition, the Manager monitors and measures the overall risk bearing capacity in relation to the aggregate risk exposure across all risk type and activities.

The Fund has investment guidelines that set out its overall business strategies, its tolerance for risk and its general risk management philosophy. The Manager also has a Compliance Department to ensure that the Fund complies with the various regulations and guidelines stipulated in its Trust Deed, the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds in Malaysia.

It is, and has been throughout the current and previous financial year, the Fund's policy that no derivatives shall be undertaken for either investment risk management purposes.

The capital is represented by unitholders' subscription to the Fund. The amount of capital can change significantly on a daily basis as the fund is subject to daily redemption and subscription at the discretion of unitholders. The Manager manages the Fund's capital in accordance with its objective, while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet unitholders' redemption.

### (e) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Except as detailed in the table below, the carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities as reported in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 approximate their fair values due to the relatively short-term nature of these financial instruments.

### Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices
  included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly
  (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that
  include inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data
  (unobservable inputs).

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
30.06.2024 Financial asset at FVTPL				
Quoted Shariah-compliant equity investments	37,943,412			37,943,412
31.12.2023 Financial asset at FVTPL				
Quoted Shariah-compliant equity investments	33,047,840			33,047,840

### CORPORATE INFORMATION

### MANAGER

Permodalan BSN Berhad : 199401034061 (319744-W) License No.for Capital Market Services : CMSL/A0156/2007

### REGISTERED/ BUSINESS OFFICE

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Tel : 03 - 2634 2200 Faks : 03 - 2177 1300 Website : www.pbsn.com.my

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Encik Asaraf bin Aboo Bakar Encik Kamari Zaman bin Juhari Encik Norahmadi bin Sulong Datin Zainab binti Hj. Md. Shariff

Puan Tursina binti Yaacob (resigned w.e.f 9 May 2024)

Encik Mohamad Hamdi bin Mohamad Khir

### CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Encik Mohamad Hamdi bin Mohamad Khir

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Puan Salamiah Binti Senusi LS0009988 Puan Wong Zhao Jin

### **ADVOCATES & SOLICITORS**

SOON, GAN DION & PARTNERS 1st Floor, No. 73, Jalan SS 21/1A Damansara Utama 47400 Petaling Jaya

### PRINCIPAL BANKER

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### TRUSTEE

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### TAX ADVISER

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(Formerly know as Crowe Horwath KL Tax Sdn Bhd)
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