

PMB SHARIAH CASH MANAGEMENT FUND

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Dear Unitholder,

MOVING TOWARDS ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION.

We wish to inform that you have been automatically enrolled to receive funds' reports via electronic medium effective 31 March 2018. You will receive a notification by SMS/email when the funds' report is ready for download on our website at www.pmbinvestment.com.my. Please note that the report will be available to view and download from our website until next financial report. Please inform us in writing if you do not wish to receive the documents electronically.

Should you have any queries or need further clarification, please do not hesitate to contact our Clients Service Units at 03-4145 3900 or email at clients@pelaburanmara.com.my.

Thank you.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

MANAGER

PMB INVESTMENT BERHAD

(A member of Pelaburan MARA Berhad)

HEAD OFFICE

2nd Floor, Wisma PMB, No.1A, Jalan Lumut, 50400 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: (03) 4145 3800 Fax: (03) 41453901 E-mail: clients@pelaburanmara.com.my Website: www.pmbinvestment.com.my

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Datuk Mohd Idzwan Izuddin bin Ab Rahman (Appointed on 30 September 2024) Mohd Sabri bin Ramly Mahdzir bin Othman Nik Mohamed Zaki bin Nik Yusoff Mohd Halmishahril bin Ahmad Jamir Mahani binti Ibrahim (Effective until 16 August 2024) Mansoor bin Ahmad (Effective until 31 Januari 2025) YM Tengku Umizar binti YM Tengku Ubaidillah (Effective until 1 February 2025)

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mahani binti Ibrahim (Effective until 1 October 2024)

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Mohd Shah Bin Hashim (BC/M/148)

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Mansoor bin Ahmad Nik Mohamed Zaki bin Nik Yusoff Mahdzir bin Othman Prof. Dr. Mohamed Aslam bin Mohamed Haneef Rahimi bin Ramli

TRUSTEE

AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BHD

SHARIAH ADVISER

BIMB SECURITIES SDN BHD

AUDITORS

MESSRS AL JAFREE SALIHIN KUZAIMI PLT (ASK)

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1. FUND INFORMATION

1.1 FUND NAME

PMB SHARIAH CASH MANAGEMENT FUND-PMB SCMF ("FUND").

1.2 FUND CATEGORY/TYPE

Money Market (Shariah-Compliant)/ Income

1.3 FUND INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

To provide investors with high degree of liquidity while maintaining capital stability through investments primarily in Islamic money market instruments and sukuk.

1.4 FUND PERFORMANCE BENCHMARK

BNM Overnight Islamic Interbank Rate.

1.5 FUND DISTRIBUTION POLICY

The distribution (if any) is on a monthly basis, subject to the availability of income. The distribution of income, will be made in the form of cash or additional units.

2. FUND PERFORMANCE DATA

2.1 PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

The Fund's composition and performance for the 6 months financial period ended 31 December 2024 and 3 financial year ended 30 June.

	31 DEC	30 JUNE		
	2024	2024	2023	2022
SECTOR	%	%	%	%
Islamic Deposits / Cash / etc	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

2.2 PERFORMANCE DETAILS

		31 DEC		30 JUNE	
		2024	2024	2023	2022
Net Asset Value (NAV) -xD	(RM'000)	44,591	52,633	80,832	102,501
Unit in circulation	('000)	87,674	103,914	159,756	202,478
NAV per unit -xD	(RM)	0.5086	0.5065	0.5060	0.5062
NAV per unit -xD : Highest	(RM)	0.5096	0.5119	0.5114	0.5089
: Lowest	(RM)	0.5065	0.5061	0.5063	0.5060
Total Return *	(%)	1.61	3.29	2.65	1.67
Capital Growth *	(%)	0.41	0.10	(0.04)	0.04
Income Return	(%)	1.10	3.19	2.69	1.63
Gross Distribution per unit	(sen)	^0.60	^1.60	^1.35	^0.82
Net Distribution per unit	(sen)	^0.60	^1.60	^1.35	^0.82
Total Expense Ratio (TER) 1	(%)	0.16	0.30	0.27	0.29
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR) ²	(times)	1.90	2.76	1.79	1.55

* Source: Lipper

^ Distribution is in the form of units

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance, unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

2.2 PERFORMANCE DETAILS (CONT.)

- ¹ The TER for the 6 months financial period ended 31 December 2024 was slightly higher at 0.16% compared to 0.15% in the previous year corresponding period due to a lower average net asset value.
- ² The PTR for the 6 months financial period ended 31 December 2024 rose to 1.90 times from 1.62 times in the previous year corresponding period due to a lower average transaction.

* AVERAGE TOTAL RETURN (31 DECEMBER)							
1-year 3-year 5-year							
PMB SCMF	3.21%	2.79%	2.45%				
BENCHMARK	3.08%	2.72%	2.40%				

* ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (30 JUNE)								
2024 2023 2022 2021 2020								
PMB SCMF	3.29%	2.65%	1.67%	1.67%	2.87%			
BENCHMARK	3.06%	2.67%	1.78%	1.75%	2.73%			

* Source: Lipper

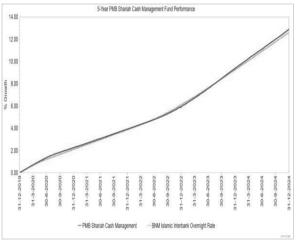
Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance, unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

3. MANAGER'S REPORT

We are pleased to present the Manager's report of PMB SCMF for the semi-financial period ended 31 December 2024 (1 July 2024 until 31 December 2024).

3.1 FUND PERFORMANCE

The Fund's performance measured against benchmark for 5-year financial period ended 31 December 2024 is as follows:-



For the 5 years period ended 31 December 2024, the Fund's increased by 12.89% compared to the benchmark return of 12.61%.

For the 6 months financial period ended 31 December 2024, NAV/unit increased by RM0.0081 or 1.60% to RM0.5146 (cD) from RM0.5065 (xD) as at 30 June 2024.

3.2 INCOME DISTRIBUTION/UNIT SPLIT

During the 6 months period ended 31 December 2024, the Fund has declared a 0.60 sen/unit (net) equivalent to 6 times income distribution in the form of new units as follows:

Date (Monthly Distribution)	Net income Distribution (sen/unit)	NAV per unit (CD)	NAV per unit (XD)
31/07/2024	0.10	0.5079	0.5069
31/08/2024	0.10	0.5083	0.5073
30/09/2024	0.10	0.5085	0.5075
31/10/2024	0.10	0.5088	0.5078
30/11/2024	0.10	0.5092	0.5082
31/12/2024	0.10	0.5096	0.5086

No unit split was declared during the 6-month financial period ended 31 December 2024.

3.3 POLICY AND INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The Fund is essentially managed to provide liquidity to meet the near- and short-term cash flow requirements of its Unit Holders while providing returns. Its investment is largely confined to Islamic money market instruments, Islamic deposit placements and sukuk issued in Malaysia that mature within 397 days. Nevertheless, the Fund can invest up to 10% of its NAV in Islamic money market instruments, Islamic deposit placements or sukuk with maturity period exceeding 397 days but not longer than 732 days. The Fund shall invest up to 100% of its NAV in near term Islamic money market instruments, Islamic deposit placement and/or sukuk that are liquid and conform to the Shariah principles.

During the 6 months period ended 31 December 2024, The Fund's asset allocation remained at almost 100% in short term Islamic deposits and cash throughout the financial period.

3.4 CROSS TRADE

No cross-trade transactions have been carried out during the reported period.

3.5 SECURITIES FINANCING TRANSACTIONS

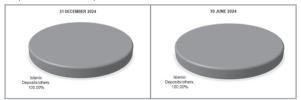
PMB SCMF has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transactions during the financial period under review.

3.6 ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND

Comparison of investment components based on NAV is as follows: -

ASSET ALLOCATION						
	31 Dec 2024 (%)	30 June 2024 (%)	Change (%)	Investment Exposure Average (%)		
Islamic Deposits/ cash/ others	100.00	100.00	0.00	100.00		

As at 31 December 2024, 100.00% of the Fund's NAV was held in Islamic deposits and/or other permitted investments.



3.7 MONEY MARKET REVIEW

The Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) of BNM decided to maintain the the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) at 3.00% during its last meeting held on 6 November 2024.

The global economy continues to expand amid resilient labour markets and continued recovery in global trade. Looking ahead, global growth is expected to be sustained by positive labour market conditions, moderating inflation and less restrictive monetary policy. Global trade recovery is expected to continue, supported by both electrical and electronics (E&E) as well as non-E&E products.

3.7 MONEY MARKET REVIEW (CONTD.)

The growth outlook remains subject to downside risks, mainly from further escalation of geopolitical tensions, heightened volatility in global financial markets and slower growth momentum in major economies.

For the Malaysian economy, the latest indicators point towards sustained strength in economic activity driven by resilient domestic expenditure and higher export activity. Going forward, exports are expected to be supported by the global tech upcycle, continued strength in non-E&E goods and higher tourist spending. Employment and wage growth, as well as policy measures, remain supportive of household spending. The robust expansion in investment activity would be sustained by the progress of multi-year projects in both the private and public sectors, the higher realisation of approved investments, as well as the implementation of catalytic initiatives under the national master plans. These investments, supported by higher capital imports, will raise exports and expand the productive capacity of the economy. Budget 2025 measures will provide additional support to growth. The growth outlook is subject to downside risks from lower-than-expected external demand and commodity production. Meanwhile, upside risks to growth mainly emanate from greater spillover from the tech upcycle, more robust tourism activity, and faster implementation of investment projects.

Headline and core inflation remain modest, averaging 1.8% year-to-date. Going into 2025, inflation is expected to remain manageable, amid the easing global cost conditions and the absence of excessive domestic demand pressures. Nevertheless, the inflation outlook remains subject to the details of the implementation of announced domestic policy measures. Upside risk to inflation would be dependent on the extent of spillover effects of domestic policy measures, as well as global commodity prices and financial market developments.

Ringgit performance continues to be primarily driven by external factors. The outcome of the US elections could heighten volatility in the near term. Looking ahead, the narrowing interest rate differentials between Malaysia and the advanced economies is positive for the ringgit. Malaysia's favourable economic prospects and domestic structural reforms, complemented by ongoing initiatives to encourage flows, will continue to provide enduring support to the ringgit.

(Source: Bank Negara Malaysia's website)

3.8 INTEREST OF UNIT HOLDERS

Throughout the 6 months financial period ended 31 December 2024, there is no circumstances that materially affect any interest of the unit holders other than business transaction in accordance with the limitations imposed under the Deeds, Securities Commission's Guidelines, the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 and other applicable laws during the financial period then ended.

3.9 SOFT COMMISSIONS AND REBATES

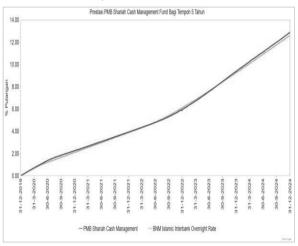
Throughout the 6 months financial period ended 31 December 2024, the Fund Manager received soft commission from brokers that indirectly assists in the decision-making process pertaining to the Fund's investment. The soft commission received include research, software and computer hardware related to Fund's investment and advisory services on Shariah matters. The soft commissions received were for the benefit of the Fund and there was no churning of trades.

4. LAPORAN PENGURUS

Bagi tempoh 6 bulan kewangan berakhir 31 Disember 2024 (1 Julai 2024 hingga 31 Disember 2024).

4.1 PRESTASI DANA

Prestasi Dana berbanding tanda aras bagi tempoh 5 tahun berakhir 31 Disember 2024 adalah seperti berikut:-



Sepanjang tempoh 5-tahun berakhir 31 Disember 2024, Dana meningkat sebanyak 12.89% berbanding penanda aras yang naik sebanyak 12.61%.

Sepanjang tempoh 6 bulan kewangan berakhir 31 Disember 2024, NAB/unit Dana naik sebanyak RM0.0081 atau 1.60% kepada RM0.5146 (cD) daripada RM0.5065 (xD) pada 30 Jun 2024.

4.2 PENGAGIHAN PENDAPATAN/TERBITAN UNIT PECAHAN

Bagi tempoh 6 bulan kewangan berakhir 31 Disember 2024, Dana ini telah mengisytiharkan 0.60 sen/seunit (bersih) iaitu bersamaan dengan 6-kali agihan pendapatan dalam bentuk unit baru seperti berikut:

Tarikh (Pengagihan Bulanan)	Pengagihan Pendapatan bersih (sen/unit)	NAB seunit (CD)	NAB seunit (XD)
31/07/2024	0.10	0.5079	0.5069
31/08/2024	0.10	0.5083	0.5073
30/09/2024	0.10	0.5085	0.5075
31/10/2024	0.10	0.5088	0.5078
30/11/2024	0.10	0.5092	0.5082
31/12/2024	0.10	0.5096	0.5086

Tiada sebarang unit pecahan dibuat untuk tempoh 6 bulan kewangan berakhir 31 Disember 2024.

4.3 POLISI DAN STRATEGI PELABURAN

Dana ini melabur dalam instrumen jangka pendek pasaran wang Islam, penempatan deposit Islam dan/atau sukuk di Malaysia yang akan matang dalam tempoh 397 hari. Pun begitu, Dana boleh melabur sehingga 10% daripada Nilai Aset Bersih (NAB) dalam instrumen pasaran wang Islam, sukuk dan/atau penempatan deposit Islam dengan tempoh matang melebihi 397 hari tetapi tidak melebihi 732 hari. Peruntukan aset adalah sehingga 100% dalam instrumen pasaran wang Islam, sukuk dan/atau penempatan deposit Islam.

Dalam tempoh kewangan berakhir 31 Disember 2024, peruntukan aset dana kekal hampir 100% dalam deposit Islam jangka pendek dan tunai sepanjang tahun kewangan.

4.4 DAGANGAN SILANG

Tiada urusniaga dagangan silang yang dilaporkan di dalam tempoh kewangan.

4.5 TRANSAKSI PEMBIAYAAN SEKURITI

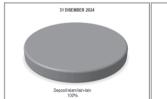
PMB SCMF tidak menjalankan sebarang pinjaman sekuriti atau transaksi pembelian semula sepanjang tempoh kewangan dalam tinjauan.

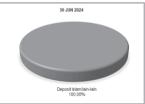
4.6 PERUMPUKAN ASET DANA

Pecahan seunit mengikut kelas aset adalah seperti berikut:-

PECAHAN SEUNIT MENGIKUT KELAS ASET						
	31 Dis 2024 (%)	30 Jun 2024 (%)	Perubahan Peratus Mata	Purata Pendedahan Pelaburan (%)		
Deposit Islam dan lain-lain	100.00	100.00	0.00	100.00		

Pada 31 Disember 2024, pelaburan adalah 100.00% dalam deposit Islam dan pelaburan-pelaburan lain yang dibenarkan.





4.7 SUASANA PASARAN WANG TEMPATAN

Jawatankuasa Dasar Monetari (MPC) BNM memutuskan untuk mengekalkan Kadar Dasar Semalaman (OPR) pada 3.00% dalam mesyuarat yang bersidang pada 6 November 2024.

Ekonomi global terus berkembang berikutan keadaan pasaran pekerja yang berdaya tahan dan pemulihan perdagangan global yang berterusan. Pada masa hadapan, pertumbuhan global dijangka berterusan disebabkan oleh keadaan pasaran pekerja yang positif, inflasi yang terus sederhana dan dasar monetari yang kurang ketat.

4.7 SUASANA PASARAN WANG TEMPATAN (SAMB.)

Perdagangan global dijangka terus pulih disokong oleh produk elektrik dan elektronik (electrical and electronics, E&E) serta produk bukan E&E. Prospek pertumbuhan terus bergantung pada risiko pertumbuhan menjadi perlahan, khususnya disebabkan oleh ketegangan geopolitik yang semakin meruncing, volatiliti dalam pasaran kewangan global yang meningkat dan momentum pertumbuhan yang lebih perlahan di ekonomiekonomi utama.

Bagi ekonomi Malaysia, penunjuk terkini mencatatkan kegiatan ekonomi yang terus kukuh, didorong oleh perbelanjaan dalam negeri yang berdaya tahan dan aktiviti eksport yang lebih tinggi. Pada masa hadapan, eksport dijangka terus disokong oleh peningkatan kitaran teknologi global, eksport barangan bukan E&E yang terus kukuh dan perbelanjaan pelancong yang lebih tinggi. Pertumbuhan guna tenaga dan upah berserta langkahlangkah dasar terus menyokong perbelanjaan isi rumah. Aktiviti pelaburan yang mantap akan terus berkembang disebabkan oleh projek berbilang tahun yang dilaksanakan dalam sektor swasta dan awam, lebih banyak pelaksanaan pelaburan yang telah diluluskan serta pelaksanaan inisiatif pemangkin di bawah beberapa pelan induk nasional. Pelaburan ini yang disokong oleh modal import yang lebih tinggi akan meningkatkan eksport dan mengembangkan keupayaan pengeluaran ekonomi. Langkahlangkah Belanjawan 2025 akan memberikan sokongan tambahan kepada pertumbuhan ekonomi. Prospek pertumbuhan bergantung pada risiko pertumbuhan menjadi perlahan yang berpunca daripada permintaan luaran dan pengeluaran komoditi yang lebih rendah daripada jangkaan. Sementara itu, pertumbuhan mungkin menjadi lebih tinggi berpunca terutamanya daripada limpahan peningkatan kitaran teknologi yang lebih besar, aktiviti pelancongan yang lebih giat serta pelaksanaan projek pelaburan yang lebih pantas.

Inflasi keseluruhan dan inflasi teras kekal sederhana dengan purata 1.8% sejak awal tahun sehingga kini. Menuju tahun 2025, inflasi dijangka kekal terkawal berikutan keadaan kos global yang semakin reda dan ketiadaan tekanan permintaan dalam negeri yang berlebihan. Walau bagaimanapun, prospek inflasi terus bergantung pada perincian pelaksanaan langkah-langkah dasar dalam negeri yang telah diumumkan. Risiko kenaikan inflasi akan bergantung pada tahap kesan limpahan langkah-langkah dasar dalam negeri harga komoditi global dan perkembangan pasaran kewangan.

Prestasi ringgit terus didorong terutamanya oleh faktor luaran. Keputusan pilihanraya Amerika Syarikat mungkin meningkatkan volatiliti dalam jangka masa terdekat. Pada masa hadapan, perbezaan kadar faedah yang semakin kecil antara Malaysia dengan ekonomi-ekonomi maju adalah positif untuk ringgit. Prospek ekonomi Malaysia dan pembaharuan struktur dalam negeri yang menggalakkan, bersama-sama dengan inisiatif yang sedang dilaksanakan untuk menggalakkan aliran dana, akan terus memberikan sokongan yang berterusan kepada ringgit.

(Sumber: Laman sesawang Bank Negara Malaysia)

4.8 KEPENTINGAN PEMEGANG-PEMEGANG UNIT

Sepanjang tempoh 6 bulan kewangan berakhir 31 Disember 2024, tiada sebarang kejadian yang menjejaskan kepentingan Pemegang-Pemegang Unit selain daripada urusniaga-urusniaga yang dijalankan selaras dengan Surat Ikatan Amanah, Garispanduan Tabung Unit Amanah, Akta Pasaran Modal dan Perkhidmatan 2007 dan undang-undang lain yang berkuatkuasa.

4.9 REBAT DAN KOMISEN RINGAN

Sepanjang tempoh 6 bulan kewangan berakhir 31 Disember 2024, Pengurus Dana menerima komisen ringan daripada broker yang secara tidak langsung membantu dalam proses membuat keputusan berkaitan pelaburan Dana. Komisen ringan yang diterima termasuklah penyelidikan, perisian dan perkakasan komputer yang berkaitan dengan pelaburan Dana dan khidmat nasihat mengenai perkara Syariah. Komisen ringan yang diterima adalah untuk manfaat Dana dan tiada pergolakan perdagangan.

Nota: Laporan ini telah diterjemahkan daripada laporan asal (dalam Bahasa Inggeris). Jika terdapat perbezaan, sila rujuk kepada laporan Bahasa Inggeris.

5. TRUSTEE'S REPORT

To the Unit Holders of PMB DANA SHARIAH CASH MANAGEMENT FUND ("FUND"),

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial period ended 31 December 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, PMB INVESTMENT BERHAD has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund

Yours faithfully AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD

ZAINUDIN BIN SUHAIMI Chief Executive Officer Date : 25 February 2025

6. SHARIAH ADVISER'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF PMB DANA SHARIAH CASH MANAGEMENT FUND ("FUND")

We hereby confirm the following:

- To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, PMB Investment Berhad has operated and managed the Fund for the period covered by these financial statements namely, the semi-annual period ended 31 December 2024, in accordance with Shariah principles and requirements, and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- The assets of the Fund comprise instruments that have been classified as Shariah compliant.

For and on behalf of the Shariah Adviser, **BIMB SECURITIES SDN BHD**

MUHAMMAD SHAHIER SA'MIN Designated Shariah Person

KUALA LUMPUR 26 FEBRUARY 2025

7. STATEMENT BY MANAGER

To the Unitholders of PMB DANA SHARIAH CASH MANAGEMENT FUND

We, Mahdzir Bin Othman and Datuk Mohd Idzwan Izuddin Bin Ab Rahman, being two of the Directors of PMB INVESTMENT BERHAD, do hereby state that in the opinion of the Manager, the unaudited financial statements give a true and fair view on the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2024 and of its statement of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Fund for the 6 months financial period ended 31 December 2024 in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and in accordance with the requirements of Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds by the Securities Commission Malaysia.

For and on behalf of **PMB INVESTMENT BERHAD** As Manager of PMB DANA SHARIAH CASH MANAGEMENT FUND

Mahdzir Bin Othman Director

Datuk Mohd Idzwan Izuddin Bin Ab Rahman Director

KUALA LUMPUR

Date : 19 February 2025

8. FINANCIAL STATEMENT

STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL POSITION As At 31 December 2024

	NOTE	<u>30.12.2024</u> Rм	<u>30.06.2024</u> RM
Assets		K WI	RIVI
INVESTMENTS	4		
Cash and cash equivalents	5	43,637,104	52,791,560
OTHER ASSETS			
Profit receivable from Islamic deposits		155,947	219,311
Amount owing by the Manager	6	895,086	222,992
		1,051,033	442,303
TOTAL ASSETS		44,688,137	53,233,863
LIABILITIES			
Amount owing to the Trustee		879	974
Distribution	7	87,674	571,532
Other payables and accruals		8,854	28,159
TOTAL LIABILITIES		97,407	600,665
NET ASSET VALUE		44,590,730	52,633,198
Equity			
Unitholders' capital	8	45,302,085	53,541,947
Accumulated losses		(711,355)	(908,749)
TOTAL NET ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		44,590,730	52,633,198
UNITS IN CIRCULATION	8	87,674,045	103,914,948
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM) -XD	9	0.5086	0.5065

STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	<u>Note</u>	<u>6 months</u> <u>ended</u> 31.12.2024	<u>6 months</u> <u>ended</u> 31.12.2023
		RM	RM
INVESTMENTS INCOME			
Profit from Islamic deposits		778,459	1,264,548
Hibah from Al-Wadiah savings		320	60
Other income		-	6,077
		778,779	1,270,685
Expenses			
Management fee	10	56,078	87,494
Trustee fee	11	5,608	8,749
Audit fee		5,000	5,042
Tax agent fee		700	756
Administrative expenses		2,549	2,611
		69,935	104,652
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	12	708,844 -	1,166,033
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		708,844	1,166,033
PROFIL AFTER TAXATION		700,044	1,100,033
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION IS MADE U AS FOLLOWS:	JP		
NET REALISED PROFIT		708,844	1,166,033
		708,844	1,166,033
TOTAL DISTRIBUTION FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED		511,450	732,720

STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	<u>Note</u>	<u>Unitholders</u> ' <u>Capital</u> Rм	Accumulated Losses RM	<u>Total</u> Equity Rм
As at 1 July 2023		81,933,366	(1,100,909)	80,832,457
Net realised profit		-	1,166,033	1,166,033
Creation of units from applications	8	7,406,976	-	7,406,976
Creation of units from distribution	8	1,016,838	-	1,016,838
Cancellation of units	8	(29,347,128)	-	(29,347,128)
Distribution	7	-	(732,720)	(732,720)
As at 31 December 2023		61,010,052	(667,596)	60,342,456
As at 1 July 2024		53,541,947	(908,749)	52,633,198
Net realised profit		-	708,844	708,844
Creation of units from applications	8	49,244,829		49,244,829
Creation of units from distribution	8	800,246	-	800,246
Cancellation of units	8	(58,284,937)	-	(58,284,937)
Distribution	7	-	(511,450)	(511,450)
As at 31 December 2024		45,302,085	(711,355)	44,590,730

STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED CASH FLOWS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	<u>31.12.2024</u> RM	<u>31.12.2023</u> RM
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING AND OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit from Islamic deposits	841,823	1,224,886
Hibah from Al-Wadiah savings	320	60
Receipt from tax refund	-	6,077
Management fee paid	(57,022)	(91,506)
Trustee fee paid	(5,702)	(9,151)
Payment for audit fee	(10,000)	(10,000)
Payment of other expenses	(2,549)	(2,057)
Net cash generated from investing and operating activities	766,870	1,118,309
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from creation of units	49,435,469	6,899,822
Payment of cancellation of units	(59,356,795)	(29,347,128)
Net cash used in financing activities	(9,921,326)	(22,447,306)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(9,154,456)	(21,328,997)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	52,791,560	81,199,541
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	43,637,104	59,870,544
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISE OF:		
Al-Wadiah Savings	2,923,172	82,528
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions in Malaysia	40,713,932	59,788,016
·	43,637,104	59,870,544

1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

PMB Shariah Cash Management Fund ("the Fund"), managed by PMB Investment Berhad was launched on 1 November 1969 known as Kumpulan Modal Bumiputera Yang Ketiga and was relaunched on 21 November 2005 as ASM Syariah Money Market Fund. On 8 October 2012, this Fund changed its name to ASM Shariah Cash Management Fund as stated in the Eight Supplement Deed dated on 15 August 2012 and has been registered with the Securities Commission Malaysia on 25 September 2012. Pursuant to the Master Prospectus dated 28 April 2014, this Fund once again changed its name from ASM Shariah Cash Management Fund to PMB Shariah Cash Management Fund in line with the changes of the Manager's name from ASM Investment Services Berhad to PMB Investment Berhad. This Fund will continue to operate until it is terminated or dissolved in accordance with the provisions of the Deed of Trust and the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007.

The main activity of PMB Shariah Cash Management Fund is to invest primarily in Shariah approved money market instruments and debt securities as defined under Clause 1 of the Deeds of Trust and subject to approval by the Securities Commission Malaysia and in accordance with Shariah principle from time to time.

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia and wholly owned by Pelaburan MARA Berhad. The principal activity of the Manager is management of Unit Trust Funds and Corporate Funds.

2. OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES OF FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

This Unit Trust Fund operations are exposed to several risks including market risk (including interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk, capital risk management and Shariah status reclassification risk. Financial risk management is carried out through the system of internal control and investment restrictions outline in the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds by the Securities Commission Malaysia and based on Shariah principles.

(a) Market Risk

(i) Interest Rate Risk

Movements in interest rate will have an impact on a management of the Fund. This risk refers to the effect of interest rate changes on the market value of Islamic money market instruments, Islamic deposit placements and sukuk. Any downward movement of the interest rate may result in a loss of the expected return from the Fund's investments in Islamic money market instrument and Islamic deposit placement. The value of the sukuk has a tendency to move inversely with the movement of the interest rate whereby the prices of the sukuk may fall when interest rates rise, and vice versa.

The interest rate is a general indicator. Although the Fund does not invest in interest bearing instruments, the movement of the interest rate will have an impact on the interest rate of the Islamic money market instruments and Islamic deposit placement, and consequently affect the expected return of the Fund's investments.

2. OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES OF FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTD.)

(a) Market Risk (Contd.)

(i) Interest Rate Risk (Contd.)

The table below shows the sensitivity of changes in profit on the NAV of the Fund at the reporting date assuming all other variables held constant.

	<u>Change</u> in basis points	<u>Effect on Islamic</u> <u>profit</u> <u>Increase/</u> (Decrease)	Effect on NAV Increase/ (Decrease)
		RM	RM
30.12.2024	+50/-50	108,270/(108,270)	108,270/(108,270)
30.06.2024	+50/-50	313,830/(313,830)	313,830/(313,830)

The above interest rate is a general economic indicator that will have an impact on the management of the Fund regardless whether it is an Islamic unit trust fund or otherwise. It does not in any way suggest that the Fund will invest in conventional financial instruments. All the investments are carried out for the Fund are in accordance with Shariah requirements.

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk relates to the creditworthiness of the issuers of the sukuk and their expected ability to make timely payment of profit and/or principal. Any adverse situations faced by the issuer may impact the value as well as liquidity of the sukuk. In the case of rated sukuk, this may lead to a credit downgrade. Default risk relates to the risk that an issuer of a sukuk either defaulting on payments or failing to make payments in a timely manner which will in turn adversely affect the value of the sukuk. This could adversely affect the value of the Fund.

(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk refers to the ease of liquidating an asset depending on the asset's volume traded in the market. If the Fund holds assets that are illiquid, or are difficult to dispose of, the value of the Fund will be negatively affected when it has to sell such assets at unfavourable prices.

The Fund maintains sufficient level of Islamic liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unitholders. Islamic liquid assets comprise cash, Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions and other Shariah-compliant instruments which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

2. OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES OF FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTD.)

(c) Liquidity Risk (Contd.)

The table below summarises the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity grouping based on the remaining period as at the statement of financial positon date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

		31.12.2024 BETWEEN	
	<u>Less than</u> <u>1 month</u> <u>RM</u>	<u>1 month</u> to 1 year RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Amount owing to the Trustee	879	-	879
Distribution	87,674	-	87,674
Other payables and accruals	-	8,854	8,854
Contractual cash outflows	88,553	8,854	97,407
	<u>Less than</u> <u>1 month</u> RM	30.06.2024 <u>BETWEEN</u> <u>1 month</u> <u>to 1 year</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Amount owing to the Trustee	1 month	BETWEEN 1 month to 1 year	
Amount owing to the Trustee Distribution	1 month RM	BETWEEN 1 month to 1 year	RM
•	<u>1 month</u> RM 974	BETWEEN 1 month to 1 year	RM 974

(d) Capital Risk Management

The Fund's capital represents by equity consisting of unitholders' capital and retained earnings. The amount of capital can fluctuate according to the daily subscription and redemption of units at the discretion of unitholders. The Fund's capital is managed in accordance with the objectives of the Fund while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemption of units.

(e) Shariah Status Reclassification Risk

The risk refers to the risk of a possibility that the currently held Islamic fixed income instruments or Islamic money market instruments or Islamic deposits invested by the Fund may be declared as Shariah non-compliant by the relevant authority or the Shariah Adviser. If this occurs, the Manager will take the necessary steps to dispose of or withdraw such fixed income instruments or money market instruments or deposits.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Fund are prepared under the historical cost convention and modified to include other bases of valuation as disclosed in other sections under significant accounting policies and in compliance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds by the Securities Commission Malaysia.

The following are accounting standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"):

(i) Applications towards MFRS and amendments to MFRS Adoption of new and amended standards

During the financial period, the Fund has adopted the following amended MFRSs that are mandatory for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024:

- Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements and MFRS Practice Statement - Disclosure of accounting policies
- Amendments to MFRS 112 Income Taxes Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction. Amendments to MFRS 107 and MFRS 7 – Supplier Financial Arrangements

Standards issued but not yet effective

Effective for financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2025

- Amendments to MFRS 121 Lack of Exchangeability
- Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7 Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments
- Amendments to MFRS 1 Hedge Accountability by a First Time Adopter
- Amendments to MFRS 7 Gain or Loss on Derecognition
- Amendments to MFRS 9 Derecognition of Lease Liabilities and Transaction Price
- Amendments to MFRS 10 Determination of De'Facto Agent
- Amendments to MFRS 107 Cost Method
- MFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements
- MFRS 18 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Preparation (Contd.)

Effective date of these Amendments to Standards has been deferred and yet to be announced:

 Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128 – Investments in Associates and Joint Venture (Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associates or Joint Venture)

The adoption of the above standards and interpretations will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Fund.

(b) Profit from Islamic Deposits

The profit from Islamic deposits is recognised on accrual basis using the effective profit rate method. The profit received by the Fund was derived from Malaysia and credited by any bank or financial institution licensed under the Financial Services Act 2013 or Islamic Financial and Services Act 2013 which are exempt from tax according to Income Tax Act 1967 (ITA 1967).

(c) Creation and Cancellation of Units

Proceeds from creation of units and payment of cancellation of units are based on the market value of the units comprising the share of capital and the portion of income at the date of the invention or disposition.

(d) Distribution Equalisation

Distribution equalisation is accounted for on the date of issue and depreciation based on the average amount of distributable income included in the unit price and disposals.

(e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise Islamic deposits and Al-Wadiah savings with banks and licensed financial institutions where such savings are based on Shariah principles.

(f) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ('RM'), the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (its functional currency).

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(g) Financial Instruments

(i) Recognition and Initial Measurement

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without significant financing component) or a financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issuance. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

An embedded Islamic derivative is recognised separately from the host contract where the host contract is not a financial asset, and accounted for separately if, and only if, the Islamic derivative is not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract and the host contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. The host contract, in the event an embedded Islamic derivative is recognised separately, is accounted for in accordance with policy applicable to the nature of the host contract.

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

Categories of financial assets are determined on initial recognition and are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Fund changes its business model for managing financial assets in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change of the business model.

a) Amortised cost (AC)

Amortised cost category comprises financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding. The financial assets are not designated as fair value through profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective profit method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Profit income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Profit income is recognised by applying effective profit rate to the gross carrying amount except for credit impaired financial assets where the effective profit rate is applied to the amortised cost.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

(g) Financial Instruments (Contd.)

- (ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement (Contd.)
 - b) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

(i) Sukuk investments

Fair value through other comprehensive income category comprises sukuk where it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the sukuk, and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding. The sukuk is not designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Profit income calculated using the effective profit method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Profit income is recognised by applying effective profit rate to the gross carrying amount except for credit impaired financial assets where the effective profit rate is applied to the amortised cost.

(ii) Equity investments

This category comprises investment in equity that is not held for trading, and the Fund irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income.

This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are not reclassified to profit or loss.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

(g) Financial Instruments (Contd.)

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement (contd.)

Financial assets (Contd.)

Categories of financial assets are determined on initial recognition

c) Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)

All financial assets not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income as described above are measured at fair value through profit or loss. This includes Islamic derivative financial assets (except for an Islamic derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument). On initial recognition, the Fund may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income as at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair value. Net gains or losses, including any profit or dividend income, are recognised in the profit or loss.

All financial assets, except for those measured at fair value through profit or loss and equity investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, are subject to impairment assessment.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

(g) Financial Instruments (Contd.)

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement (Contd.)

Financial Liabilities

(a) Amortised cost (AC)

Other financial liabilities not categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective profit method.

Profit expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit or loss. Any gains or losses on derecognition are also recognised in the profit or loss.

(b) Provisions

Provision is recognised only when the Fund has a present obligation (legal and constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provision is reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expired or transferred, or control of the asset is not retained or substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to another party. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the sum of consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognised in profit or loss.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. A financial liability is also derecognised when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case, a new financial liability based on modified terms is recognised at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

(g) Financial Instruments (Contd.)

(iv) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and liability simultaneously.

(v) Unitholders' Contribution

The Unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the definition of puttable instruments classified as equity under the MFRS 9.

Instruments classified as equity are measured at cost and are not remeasured subsequently.

Distribution equalisation is accounted for at the date of creation and cancellation of units of the Fund. It represents the average amount of distributable income or loss included in the creation and cancellation prices of units.

(h) Impairment of Assets

(i) Financial assets

The Fund recognised loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets measured at amortised cost, sukuk investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, contract assets and lease receivables. Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses.

The Fund measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss, except for sukuk that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date, cash and bank balance and other sukuk for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, which are measured at 12month expected credit loss. Loss allowances for trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit loss, the Fund consider reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Fund's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information, where available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

(h) Impairment of Assets (Contd.)

(i) Financial assets (Contd.)

Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the asset, while 12-month expected credit losses are the portion of expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date. The maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Fund are exposed to credit risk.

The Fund estimates the expected credit losses on trade receivables using a provision matrix with reference to historical credit loss experience.

An impairment loss in respect of financial assets measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit or loss and the carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

An impairment loss in respect of sukuk investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss and the allowance account is recognised in other comprehensive income.

At each reporting date, the Fund assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost and sukuk securities at fair value through other comprehensive income are credit impaired. A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or fully) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Fund determines that the obligor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to pay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Fund's procedures for recovery amounts due.

(ii) Other Assets

The carrying amounts of other assets (except for inventories, contract assets, lease receivables, deferred tax asset, assets arising from employee benefits, investment property measured at fair value and non-current assets (or disposal groups) classified as held for sale) are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives or that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each period at the same time.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

(h) Impairment of Assets (Contd.)

(ii) Other Assets (Contd.)

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units. Subject to an operating segment ceiling test, for the purpose of goodwill impairment testing, cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are aggregated so that the level at which impairment testing is performed reflects the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal reporting purposes.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the cash-generating unit (groups of cash-generating units) on a *pro rata* basis. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at the end of each reporting period for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the financial year in which the reversals are recognised.

(i) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. exit price).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTD.)

(i) Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Contd.)

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (such as trading Shariah-compliant securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial year end date.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the assets and liabilities take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques.

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, amount owing by stockbrocking, profit receivable from Islamic deposits, dividend receivable and all current liabilities are reasonable approximations of their fair values due to their short-term nature.

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

4. INVESTMENTS

Details are as follows:

	Note	<u>31.12.2024</u> RM	<u>30.06.2024</u> RM
Islamic Deposits	5	40,713,932	52,668,785
Total Investments	_	40,713,.932	52,668,785

The list of investments is in Schedule A.

5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Note	<u>31.12.2024</u> RM	<u>30.06.2024</u> RM
	NOLE	IXIVI	I XIVI
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions in Malaysia	4	40,713,932	52,668,785
Al – Wadiah savings		2,923,172	122,775
	-	43,637,104	52,791,560

Islamic deposits include fixed deposits based on Shariah principles in licensed financial institutions as follows:

	<u>31.12.2024</u>	30.06.2024
	RM	RM
Islamic Banks	28,580,721	35,408,194
Investment Banks	12,133,211	17,260,591
	40,713,932	52,668,785

Average profit rate during the financial period and the average maturity of the Islamic deposits on the closing date are as follows:

	<u>Average Profit</u> <u>Rate</u> %	<u>Average</u> <u>Maturity Period</u> Days
<u>31.12.2024</u>		
Islamic Banks	3.74	85
Investment Banks	3.45	66
<u>30.06.2024</u>		
Islamic Banks	3.51	79
Investment Banks	3.45	65

6. AMOUNT OWING BY THE MANAGER

	<u>31.12.2024</u>	30.06.2024
	RM	RM
Creation of unit receivable	903,881	294,276
Cancellation of unit payable	-	(61,545)
Management fee accrued	(8,795)	(9,739)
	895,086	222,992

7. DISTRIBUTION

Distributions to unitholders in the form of units are as follows:-

31.12.2024

30.06.2024

<u>Date of</u> Distribution	<u>Gross</u> Distribution per unit (Sen)	<u>Net</u> Distribution <u>per unit</u> (Sen)	<u>Total</u> <u>Distribution</u> <u>(RM)</u>
31 July 2024	0.10	0.10	83,395
31 August 2024	0.10	0.10	92,272
30 September 2024	0.10	0.10	73,126
31 October 2024	0.10	0.10	90,496
30 November 2024	0.10	0.10	84,487
31 December 2024	0.10	0.10	87,674
Total	0.60	0.60	511,450

		<u></u>	
<u>Date of</u> Distribution	<u>Gross</u> Distribution per unit (Sen)	<u>Net</u> Distribution <u>per unit</u> (Sen)	<u>Total</u> Distribution (RM)
31 July 2023	0.05	0.05	69,308
31 August 2023	0.10	0.10	139,731
30 September 2023	0.10	0.10	135,233
31 October 2023	0.10	0.10	134,489
30 November 2023	0.10	0.10	135,499
31 December 2023	0.10	0.10	118,552
31 January 2024	0.10	0.10	117,711
28 February 2024	0.10	0.10	131,182
31 March 2024	0.10	0.10	91,268
30 April 2024	0.10	0.10	84,366
31 May 2024	0.10	0.10	85,392
30 June 2024	0.55	0.55	571,532
Total	1.60	1.60	1,814,263

Notes To The Financial Statements For The 6 Months Financial Period Ended 31 December 2024

7. DISTRIBUTION (CONTD.)

Distribution to unitholders is recommended at the end of each month, depending on the performance of the Fund itself [The distribution of income in the form of units during the financial period ended 31 December 2024: 0.60 sen (gross) (net: 0.60 sen)].

Distributions declared are derived from the following sources: -

	<u>31.12.2024</u> Rм	<u>30.06.2024</u> RM
Profit from Islamic deposits	778,459	2,184,260
Hibah from Al-Wadiah savings Other income	320	350 6,077
Undistributed profit for the year	(197,394)	(192,160)
	581,385	1,998,527
Expenses Taxation	(69,935) 	(184,264)
Unit in circulation	87,674,045	103,914,948
Gross distribution per unit (sen)	0.60	1.60
Net distribution per unit (sen)	0.60	1.60

According to the Finance Act 2021, effective 1 January 2022, amendment on Paragraph 35A of Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act 1967 (ITA), the distribution of certain income by a retail money market fund to nonindividual unit holders is subject to tax (24% per annum).

The details of withholding tax start from 1 July 2024 until 31 December 2024 as per below:

Date of Distribution	<u>Total</u> <u>Distribution</u> RM	<u>Withholding</u> <u>Tax</u> RM
31 July 2024	83,395	15,651
31 August 2024	92,272	18,166
30 September 2024	73,126	13,687
31 October 2024	90,496	18,066
30 November 2024	84,487	16,681
31 December 2024	87,674	16,901
Total	511,450	99,152

8. UNIT HOLDERS' CAPITAL

	<u>31.12.2024</u>		30.06	.2024
	Unit	RM	Unit	Rм
Balance brought forward	103,914,948	53,541,947	159,755,798	81,933,366
Creation of units from application	96,996,289	49,244,829	121,090,446	61,819,870
Creation of units from distribution	1,578,494	800,246	2,899,980	1,472,543
	202,489,731	103,587,022	283,746,224	145,225,779
Cancellation of units during the period	(114,815,686)	(58,284,937)	(179,831,276)	(91,683,832)
Balance carried forward	87,674,045	45,302,085	103,914,948	53,541,947

9. NET ASSET VALUE

Net Asset Value is derived after deducting the total liabilities of the Fund from the Fund's total assets, as per follows:

	<u>31.12.2024</u>		30.06.2024	
	RM	RM/Unit	RM	RM/Unit
Net asset value per unit attributable to the unit holders as disclosed in the Financial Statements	<u>44,590,730</u>	<u>0.5086</u>	<u>52,633,198</u>	<u>0.5065</u>

10. MANAGEMENT FEE

The fee paid to the Manager, PMB INVESTMENT BERHAD is computed on a daily basis at 0.25% per annum on the Net Asset Value before deducting Management fee and Trustee fee for that particular day.

11. TRUSTEE FEE

The fee paid to the Trustee, Amanahraya Trustees Berhad is computed on a daily basis at 0.025% per annum on the Net Asset Value before deducting Management fee and Trustee's fee for that particular day.

12. TAXATION

	<u>31.12.2024</u>	31.12.2023
	RM	RM
Tax expenses for the year		-

The reconciliation between tax expenses and accounting profit multiplied by 24% tax rates for the financial period ended 31 December 2024 are as follows:

	<u>31.12.2024</u> Rм	<u>31.12.2023</u> Rм
Profit before taxation	708,844	1,166,033
Taxation at the rate of 24%	170,123	279,848
Tax effect of income not subject to tax	(186,907)	(304,964)
Tax effect of expenses not allowed	16,784	25,116
Tax expenses for the year	-	-

13. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKER/DEALER (1/07/2024 - 31/12/2024)

Detail of transactions with the financial institutions for the financial period ended 31 December 2024 were as follows:

Financial Institutions	Value of Placement RM	Percentage of total placement %
CIMB Islamic Bank Bhd	42,308,285	24.96
Kenanga Investment Bank Bhd	25,047,089	14.78
MBSB Bank Bhd	24,957,854	14.73
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Bhd	22,717,612	13.40
MIDF Amanah Investment Bank Bhd	20,543,516	12.12
Bank Islam Malaysia Bhd	15,258,286	9.00
Kuwait Finance House (M) Bhd	13,410,565	7.91
RHB Islamic Bank Bhd	4,875,047	2.88
Maybank Islamic Bank Bhd	380,022	0.22
Total Transaction	169,498,276	100.00

14. MANAGER'S AND DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The details of the interests of the Manager and the Directors of the Company in the Fund are as follows:-

		<u>31.12.2024</u> RM	<u>31.12.2023</u> RM
(a)	Unit Holding		
	PMB INVESTMENT BERHAD	-	-
	Directors		-
	* PELABURAN MARA Berhad		5,950,570.67 worth RM3.034.195.98
(b)	Expenses		
	Management fee paid and accrued	RM56,078	RM87,494

 * PELABURAN MARA BERHAD is a holding company of the Manager, PMB Investment Berhad.

Transactions between Fund, Manager and related parties are based on normal business transactions. The holding of the Manager's unit is based on beneficial holdings.

15. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

16.

TER is calculated as follows:-	<u>31.12.2024</u>	31.12.2023
Fees of the Fund + Recovery TER = expenses of the Fund x Average net asset value or Fund calculated on a daily	100 0.16%	0.15%
Portfolio Turnover Ratio ("Ptr	")	
PTR is calculated as follows:	<u>31.12.2024</u>	<u>31.12.2023</u>
PTR = <u>Total acquisition + Total dispo</u> Average net asset value of the calculated on a daily ba	e Fund	1.62 times

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Classification of financial instruments

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments categories as follows:

_ _ _ _ _ _

- i) Amortised Cost (AC)
- ii) Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVPL)

<u>31.12.2024</u>	<u>Carrying</u> <u>Amount</u>	AC	FVPL
	RM	RM	RM
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	43,637,104	43,637,104	-
Profit receivable from Islamic deposits	155,947	155,947	-
Amount owing by the Manager	895,086	895,086	-
-	44,688,137	44,688,137	-

<u>31.12.2024</u>	<u>Carrying</u> <u>Amount</u> RM	AC RM
Financial Liabilities		
Amount owing to the Trustee	879	879
Distribution	87,674	87,674
Other payables and accruals	8,854	8,854
	97,407	97,407

Notes To The Financial Statements For The 6 Months Financial Period Ended 31 December 2024

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTD.)

a) Classification of financial instruments (Contd.)

<u>30.06.2024</u>	<u>Carrying</u> <u>Amount</u> RM	AC RM	FVPL RM
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	52,791,560	52,791,560	
Profit receivable from Islamic deposits	219,311	219,311	-
Amount owing to the Manager	222,992	222,992	
-	53,233,863	53,233,863	
<u>30.06.2024</u>		<u>Carrying</u> <u>Amount</u> RM	AC RM
Financial Liabilities			
Amount owing to the Trustee		974	974
Distribution		571,532	571,532
Other payables and accruals	_	28,159	28,159
	_	600,665	600,665

18. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been approved for issue by the Manager on the date of these financial statements.

SCHEDULE A

PMB SHARIAH CASH MANAGEMENT FUND LIST OF INVESTMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

LIST OF INVESTMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024 PERCENTAGE								
<u>No.</u>	FINANCIAL INSTITUTION	TYPE	Placement <u>Cost</u>			OF NET ASSET VALUE		
			Rм	RM		%		
Α	ISLAMIC DEPOSITS							
1	Bank Islam Malaysia Bhd	Commodity Murabahah		794 1,22	24,530	1.40		
2	Bank Islam Malaysia Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1 1 2 2 1	084 1,19	5,258	1.36		
3	Bank Islam Malaysia Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1 215	667 1,32	3,399	1.51		
4	Bank Islam Malaysia Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1 706	291 1,71	5,407	1.96		
5	Bank Islam Malaysia Bhd	Commodity Murabahah		704 1,21	4,219	1.38		
6	CIMB Islamic Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah		000 68	5,377	0.78		
7	CIMB Islamic Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah		371 1,08	32,928	1.24		
8	CIMB Islamic Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1 262	321 1,27	1,160	1.45		
9	CIMB Islamic Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1 1 2 7 1	988 1,14	5,550	1.31		
10	CIMB Islamic Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	500	112 59	1,894	0.68		
11	CIMB Islamic Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1 1 1 0 1	335 1,11	2,358	1.27		
12	CIMB Islamic Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1 000	038 1,08	8,605	1.24		
13	Kenanga Investment Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1 170	000 1,17	6,975	1.34		
14	Kenanga Investment Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1 1 5 / 1	941 1,16	60,666	1.32		
15	Kenanga Investment Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1 350 1	000 1,35	52,685	1.54		
16	Kenanga Investment Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	0001	00 90	1,106	1.03		
17	Kenanga Investment Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	716	158 71	5,279	0.82		
18	Kuwait Finance House (M) Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1 1 5 0 1	000 1,15	9,676	1.32		
19	Kuwait Finance House (M) Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1 1/2	410 1,15	51,756	1.31		
20	Kuwait Finance House (M) Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1 250	103 1,35	53,166	1.54		

SCHEDULE A

PMB SHARIAH CASH MANAGEMENT FUND LIST OF INVESTMENTS AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

LIST OF INVESTMENTS AS AT 30 JUNE 2024 PERCENTAGE								
<u>No.</u>	FINANCIAL INSTITUTION	F <u>Type</u>	PLACEMENT COST	PLACEMENT Fund Value		OF NET		
	-		RM	R	Μ	%		
Α	ISLAMIC DEPOSITS (CONTD.)							
	Kuwait Finance House (M) Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1,077,3	370 1,0	079,070	1.23		
22	Kuwait Finance House (M) Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1,153,3	381 1,1	154,367	1.32		
23	Kuwait Finance House (M) Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1,255,9	971 1,2	256,103	1.43		
24	MBSB Bank	Commodity Murabahah	1,036,6	500 1,0	043,096	1.19		
25	MBSB Bank	Commodity Murabahah	547,2	228	548,408	0.63		
26	MBSB Bank	Commodity Murabahah	1,127,	515 1,*	129,832	1.29		
27	MBSB Bank	Commodity Murabahah	1,236,4	188 1,2	238,393	1.41		
28	MBSB Bank	Commodity Murabahah	1,194,8	367 1,*	196,463	1.36		
29	MBSB Bank	Commodity Murabahah	1,160,8	338 1, ⁻	161,911	1.33		
30	MBSB Bank	Commodity Murabahah	500,0	000	500,106	0.57		
31	MIDF Amanah Investment Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	506,	184 :	510,078	0.58		
32	MIDF Amanah Investment Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1,140,0	000 1, ⁻	147,308	1.31		
33	MIDF Amanah Investment Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1,563,0	006 1,5	570,560	1.79		
34	MIDF Amanah Investment Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1,145,3	371 1,1	148,995	1.31		
35	MIDF Amanah Investment Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1,110,2	274 1,*	113,148	1.27		
36	MIDF Amanah Investment Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1,378,2	277 1,3	379,070	1.57		
37	RHB Islamic Bank Bhd	Commodity Murabahah	1,065,	745 1,0	070,977	1.22		
	Total Islamic Deposits		40,713,9	932 40,8	369,879	46.61		

9. BUSINESS INFORMATION NETWORK

OFFICES

Head Office

2nd Floor, Wisma PMB, No.1A, Jalan Lumut, 50400, Kuala Lumpur. Tel: (03) 4145 3800 Fax: (03) 4145 3901 E-mail: clients@pelaburanmara.com.my

Central Region

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Northern Region

No. 46 1/F Jalan Todak 2 Pusat Bandar Seberang Jaya 13700 Perai, Pulau Pinang Tel: (04) 3909036 Fax: (04) 3909041 H/P: (013) 2710392 (Suhaila Malzuki) *E-mail: pmbi.north@pelaburanmara.com.my suhaila@pelaburanmara.com.my*

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Lot D103, Tingkat 1, Mahkota Square Jalan Mahkota, 25000 Kuantan, Pahang Tel: (09) 5158545 Fax: (09) 5134545 H/P: (017) 7710117 (Ameer Khalifa Mohd Azman) *E-mail: pmbi.east@pelaburanmara.com.my ameer.khalifa@pelaburanmara.com.my*

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STATE SALES OFFICE:

Kedah

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Kelantan

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Abdul Samad Ashaari Suite 8-1 & 8-2, Level 8 Menara CIMB, No.1, Jalan Stesen Sentral 2, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, 50470 Kuala Lumpur H/P: (019) 2206085 *E-mail: samad.ashaari@gmail.com*

Amir Md Yusof No. 55-1, Jln 3/23A, Off Jln Genting Klang, Tmn Danau Kota, 53300 Kuala Lumpur H/P: (011) 16776969 *E-mail: orangkeramat88@yahoo.com*

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Terengganu

Mohd Nazri Othman No. 472-C, Tingkat 1, Jalan Kamaruddin 20400 Kuala Terengganu, Terenggganu Tel: (09) 6271820 H/P: (019) 9847878 *E-mail: nazri.pmbi@gmail.com*

Muhamad Zikri Shamsudin K8813-C-2, Jalan Kemaman/ Dungun, Bangunan MPK Kerteh, Bandar Seri Kerteh, 24300 Kemaman,Terenggganu H/P: (013) 5025050 *E-mail: muhamadzikrishamsudin@gmail.com*

Institutional Unit Trust Agents:

iFast Capital Sdn. Bhd. Phillip Mutual Berhad TA Investment Management Berhad KAF Investment Funds Berhad UOB Kay Hian Securities (M) Sdn Bhd Affin Bank Berhad Bank Simpanan Nasional Bank Islam Malaysia Berhad

Financial Institutions For Autodebit Services:

Bank Simpanan Nasional Сімв Bank Berhad Malayan Banking Berhad/Maybank Islamic Berhad Rнв Bank Berhad/Rнв Islamic Bank Berhad

Corporate Unit Trust Adviser (CUTA):

M Advisory Solutions Sdn Bhd.

10. INFORMATION OF CUSTOMER SERVICES

CUSTOMER SERVICES

You may communicate with us via:-

- Customer Service Units : (03) 4145 3900
- E-mail : clients@pelaburanmara.com.my

Our Customer Service Personnel would assist your queries on our unit trust funds.

NOTES TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS

This report in not an offer to sell units.

Prospective investor should read and understand the contents of the Prospectus. If you are in doubt, please consult your investment adviser on this scheme.

Past performance of the Fund is not an indication of future performance and unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

11. **INVESTOR PROFILE UPDATE FORM**

PMBINVESTMENT

INVESTOR PROFILE UPDATE FORM BORANG KEMASKINI MAKLUMAT PELABUR								
Full Name (as in NRIC / Passport) : Nam Pauli Generi Adam KP / Passert)								
NRIC (0hd) / Passport No. : NRIC No. (New) No. KP (laws) / No. Papert No. KP (laws) No. KP (laws)	:							
Tel. No. :	(Mabile) (Scohis)							
(Office) Ext. Fax 1 (Pigiolas) Samb. No Fa								
E-mail : E-mail								
Address :								
Marital Status : Single Married Others (please specify) Same Perturbation Burge Behalinte Linivian full casatanty								
Occupation :								
Educational Level : Primary Secondary STPM / Diploma / Pre-U Tang/Poshikkan Resolut Mexempte STPM / Diploma / Pa-U	Degree Master PhD Surjana Muda Surjana PhD							
Annual Household Income : Below RM18,000 RM18,00	RM36,001 - RM60,000 RM36,007 - RM60,000							
RM60,001 - RM120,000 RM120,001 and Above RM60,001 - RM120,000 RM120,001 due te attas								
No. of Dependents (please indicate) :								
Signature of Holder	Date							

Tandatangan Pemegang Unit

Tarikh

Please attached a copy of your new identity card for verification Sile sertakan solinan kad pengenalan tuan/puan yang terkini untuk pengesahan

Disclaimer : By submitting this form, I consent to the processing of my personal data by PMB Investment Berhad, in accordance to its privacy

policy at <u>wow umbinvestment com my</u>. Penglan : Longon moyerakan korang ini, anya memberi kebenaran kepada PMB Investment Berhad untuk memproses data peribadi naya, selaras dengan polis privaturg at w<u>entuk memberat com my</u>.

PMBINVESTMENT

PMB Investment Berhad (256439-D)

Tingkat 2, Wisma PMB, No 1A, Jalan Lumut, 50400 Kuala Lumpur. T+603 4145 3900 F+603-41455 3901

E: clients@pelaburanmara.com.my W www.pmbinvestment.com.my

PMBINVESTMENT

Know How. No Doubt.

PMB INVESTMENT BERHAD 199301001702 (256439-D) An Islamic Fund Management Company (IFMC) Customer Services Unit: +603 4145 3900



A member of PELABURANMARA